WE ADVOCATE THE RESTORATION OF SILVER AS PRIMARY MONEY AND THE FREE AND UNLIMITED COINAGE OF SILVER AND GOLD AT THE RATIO OF 16 TO 1.

THE CAUCASIAN.

WE ADVOCATE THE EMANCIPATION OF THE PEOPLE'S INTERESTS FROM CORPORATION AND MONOPOLY DOMINATION AND A RETURN TO JEFFERSONIAN PRINCIPLES.

VOL. XIII. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1895. NO. 42.

State Library

THE STATE ALLIANCE.

Declared Opposition to the Leasing of the State's Railroad---Thanks Tendered to Papers That Opposed It.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

Deals With the Results of Vicious Legislation---Shall the Chief Executive Dictate to Office Holders and Deceive the People?---Let's Say to our Friend's---"Stop Fighting Us"---"Have We not Told You the Truth?"

The ninth annual session of the State Alliance which was held at Cary, N. C., beginning August 13th, proved to be the most enthusiastic and earnest meeting of that body ever held in the State. Seventy delegates representing as many counties were present.

Among matters of interest discussed was a proposition to establish sub-Alliances in towns of 3000 population and under. The proposition was defeated after much consideration and debate.

RAILROAD LEASE.

The Alliance was much interested in the proposed lease of the North Carolina railroad at this time and adopted the following resolutions relative to that matter:

WHEREAS, there are reasons to believe that the directors of the North Carolina Railroad are seriously considering the advisability of leasing the said road for a long period of time; and

WHEREAS, in the opinion of this body no greater calamity could befall our beloved State than to put this, with one exception, the only railroad of any importance remaining in the hands of its original stockholders, under the control of a foreign corporation; and

WHEREAS, there yet remains six years before the expiration of the present lease, giving ample time for the submission of this great question to the people of North Carolina for their decision at the ballot box. Now, be it

RESOLVED, by the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance, assembled at Cary, that we protest against any lease of this road before its submission to the people of North Carolina, as unwise, inexpedient, and an outrage upon the rights of freemen.

RESOLVED 2, that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the Governor of North Carolina, and to the President of the North Carolina Railroad, both of whom were formerly the honored heads of this Order, and to the Hon. Chas. D. McIver, State proxy for North Corolina, and who holds in trust for the whole people of North Carolina a majority of the stock of said road.

RESOLVED 3, that the thanks of this Order are hereby tendered to The Progressive Farmer, News and Observer, and all other papers within our State who are opposing this lease, and that they are requested to publish these resolutions.

C. THOMPSON,
JOHN GRAHAM,
J. T. B. HOOVER,
W. A. GRAHAM,
J. M. MEWBORNE,
E. A. MOYE,
Committee.

[This resolution, so far as it relates to the State proxy, Dr. Chas. D. McIver, was drawn and passed under a misapprehension. The State proxy, as we have since learned, represents the State in a stockholders' meeting, but has no voice or authority in a directors' meeting. The lease (which was consummated at Burlington on last Friday) was made in a directors' meeting. Dr. McIver was not present at the directors' meeting, and had no authority to attend said meeting.]

C. THOMPSON,
President N. C. F. S. A.
W. S. BARNES.
Sec'y-Treas. N. C. F. S. A.
August 17th, 1895.]

THE STATE ORGAN.

Resolutions commending the Progressive Farmer, the State Alliance organ were adopted, and the members of the body pledged their personal efforts to increase its circulation.

Various other matters were acted upon, an account of which will be given by The CAUCASIAN from time to time.

Just before adjournment, a letter was received by the Mayor of Cary, expressing unreserved appreciation on the part of the citizens of that town, for the general work and character of the Alliance, and declaring that many mutual ties of friendship had been formed which, it was hoped, might never be sundered. A cordial invitation was extended to the Alliance to meet in the town again; to establish any enterprise there with the assurance that all the aid and energy of the people would be at the call of the organization.

The President's Address.

The annual address of the President, Mr. J. M. Mewborne, was read on Tuesday evening, and was as follows:

DEAR BRETHREN:—The Father's hand has kept us and guided us till this our ninth annual session. His love and wonderful beneficence have been again shown in the prosperous crops throughout the greater part of our beloved State. For this and all other blessings we offer our grateful thanks.

We have assembled for counsel—for wise and peaceful counsel—to make plans for the amelioration of our brotherhood and to take steps for their speedy consummation.

We are met here in the town of Cary by special election of your Executive Committee to view the surroundings of this railroad junction, and to take into immediate consideration the advisability of establishing a manufacturing enterprise here. This is a great and grave undertaking, but you have the power to do it if you so desire; others have done it and are now basking in the wealth produced by you.

Our people at home expect the officers and delegates to do more than routine business at this meeting. They knew from the first that they were in a wilderness, and are now; and for this reason they organized themselves into this great brotherhood to relieve them; they have learned, and learned it through great tribulation, that they have been wronged and terribly wronged by adverse legislation, and that favorable legislation will ultimately restore them to their former condition. They have found out by the education they have received through this organization, which has been verified by actual experience and proclaimed by wise and learned statesmen, that when the government issues from its treasury a given amount of money—which is only a medium of the exchange of wealth—to circulate among it's people to be useful to them in their business, it should be in sufficient volume; no more and no less. With this sufficiency the people buy and sell; promise and receive promises; make all manner of debts and receive all manner of debts, and all are contented and happy in 'a smiling land." If by legislation government reduces that volume of currency, just in that proportion the man who made the promise is robbed by the man who received the promise, and the man who made the debt by the man who received the debt, and government is the instigator of these outrages, through vile and vicious legislators, either for self-interest or somebody else's interest. They have learned through the Alliance and by unrelenting toil as well, that, if the volume of currency shall be reduced one-half, then the remaining half must do what all once had to do, and that the price of the produce of the farmer and the hire of the laborer is reduced one-half and the products of all other enterprises are in like manner reduced unless sustained and upheld by nefarious and unlawful combinations. That by reducing the price of products and labor one half, the conditions have been so changed that it will require twice as many pounds, twice as many bushels, twice as many day's labor, and twice as many products (save and except those up by unlawful trusts) to pay the debt that it once took, thereby doubling the energies of the man who promised the debt, and to the man who received the debt the value thereof. Was there ever a crime more criminal or a country more corrupt?

They have learned also that, by demonetizing silver, the conspirators were only furthering this criminality against the commonweal, and to give honor and credence to a crime, they have made the Chief Executive of this nation the standard-bearer of a gold standard who says to his subordinates "you shall!" and to the people "you will!' Dictator to the one and deceiver to the other. These lessons cannot be unlearned. They are indelibly fixed.

The friends who are opposed to the Alliance call it politics, and it may be so; but it is the truth, as well, and all truth shall be told. We have told it in love, and time and sad experience have demonstrated it to all. Shall we not kindly say to our friends, be done fighting us! Have we not told you the truth, and have you not received it in spite of your opposition?

The Philistines are upon us. Gold, crowned and sceptred and panoplied with the paraphernalia of a mighty warrior, defiantly and in advance bids us to worship at his shrine. Instead, let us warn the people. At Gold's altar there are bonds, and places vacant for more bonds; in the present ones there is a sad and weary story; a large portion of your once plentiful currency has been taken from circulation and transformed into these quiet and unrelenting bonds which increased your indebtedness, and by funding your money it has rendered you less able to pay. Bonds, disastrous bonds; was it not "denominated in these bonds" that they should be paid in coin? Have not the gold conspirators struck down one-half of your coin, thereby doubling the debt? These have bound your country and you, and the "places vacant" when they shall be filled, will be bonds for your children, and they will be bondsmen. Shall we not continue to strike at this monster, and worship only at our country's shrine?

It has been well said by a former President that "The two corner-stones on which the Alliance was founded and is standing to-day, are: First, social and moral development; second, intellectual development, followed by co-operation in business efforts and industrial pursuits." Our "social and moral development" have been wonderful, and civilization, as well as religion, have been advanced since the advent of the Farmers' Alliance. Its intellectual development, especially in the science of government, has been so rapid that the world wonders why it is so; but these, I fear, have not been "followed by co-operation in business efforts" as they should, and "industrial pursuits" have not been even nominal.

These latter things, at this meeting, ought to be duly considered. If such goods as are generally used by the Alliance are not sold to its members through the Business Agency as cheap or cheaper than otherwise, it is because the Alliance has been discriminated against, and it is in your power to use your organization to its utmost ability to manufacture such goods for your use.

When we shall have advanced as far in these "industrial pursuits" as we have in the "science of government," the world will truly say that this organization is most wonderful, and Alliancemen and women will delight to praise and honor this great Industrial Union for its immediate benefit to them. While they have learned to love our demands, and will stand by them to the last ditch, they demand of you that you shall preserve their organization by doing something along the lines indicated in this address.

I thank you for confidence reposed in me for the last two years. I wish I could have done more than I have. I now surrender the badge of office to another, and will promise you that I for one will ever be ready to obey the commands of the man who wears it.

TO BOOM THE TARIFF.

A Fund of One Million Dollars Raised for the Purpose of Soaping the Press.

Associated Press dispatches say "that a large fund has been subscribed for the purpose of purchasing or subsidizing newspapers in the interest of McKinley's candidacy for the presidency and with a view of advancing the cause of a high protective tariff. The movement, it is stated, was headed by John Wannamaker of Philadelphia with a syndicate of eastern manufacturers who have in the past contributed liberally to the Republican campaign fund with the understanding that the duty on their products was to be maintained or raised.

"It is reported that Robert P. Porter was elected as editorial manager, and that at least one prominent and influential newspaper was to be secured in various States, while those already in sympathy with the Mckinley idea were to be furnished with financial assistance. For this purpose, it is asserted, a fund at least $1,000,000 was raised. Mr. Porter was to establish headquarters at Cleveland, Ohio, from whence literature of the proper kind to aid the high tariff cause was to be forwarded to the papers interested in the scheme, with editorials especially prepared to fit the various localities and calculated to show that McKinley was the coming man. Mr. Porter has secured control of the of the Cleveland World, and this was stated to be the first step in the movement. It is understood that the manufacturers have been made to understand the situation, and that while the fund pledged to the newspaper scheme may be partially withdrawn it is with the understanding that the tariff idea must be crowded to the front whenever possible, and that the party organs must not become apathetic on the tariff issue. Recent expressions of the leading Republican papers indicate that their editors have already received a tip as to what is expected of them in this respect.

"IN THE PARTY" GANG FIASCO.

Lobbyists and Boarding-House Keepers Hold a "Convention" in Washington.

"WILL VOTE 'ER STRAIGHT."

Amazing Response to the Call of the Memphis Bolters—"We are Lost," the Captain Shouted—Democracy is Doomed—Only Two Western States Represented.

Special to the Caucasian.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 17.—"The national Democratic silver conference" here this week settled the important fact that whoever the President nominee may be and whatever the national platform adopted, both the candidate and the platform

WILL BE SUPPORTED

by the Democratic party. That was the object of the conference. To that extent it was a success. What appears in the "address to the people" and the "plan of organization" is meaningless.

It is a concession to the western silver leaders, made under threats of exposure and disruption of the "conference." Southern delegates dominated the "conference."

ONLY TWO WESTERN STATES

were represented. They made a vigorous minority opposition, openly and boldly charging Harris, Turpie and Jones (who participated in the Memphis conference) with treachery and cowardice. The Harris-Jones policy contemplated an "address to the people" of meaningless platitudes, with the hope that it would

END THE SILVER AGITATION

in the Democratic party. Harris and Jones both attempted to defend the policy and vehemently opposed any "plan of organization" as disastrous to the Democratic party. They both declared their determination to support the Democratic Presidential nomination. They assented without reservation to complete submission to the national Democratic convention.

"Suppose Cleveland should be nominated," suggested a Missouri delegate.

"I WILL VOTE FOR THE DEVIL

if a Democratic convention demands it," was the indignant and wrathy reply of the ancient Tennesseean, Harris. And he meant it. So the southern delegates present feel about it. So do the southern leaders feel about it. With the western delegates the silver sentiment was higher than party obligations. They said so, and compelled the adoption of "the plan of organization." Possibly some feeble, spasmodic effort will be made to put it into execution, but not where it will

SECURE INDEPENDENT ACTION

or menace Democratic interests.

To say that it was a representative gathering is ridiculously misleading. Senator Daniel, of Virginia, ex-Senator Jarvis and Senators Harris, Jones and Call were the only Democrats of national prominence in the caucus. States were represented by

LOBBYISTS AND BOARDING HOUSE-KEEPERS.

Yoder, lobbyist and ex-Congressman, living in Washington, represented the great State of Ohio. Col. Trentlaw, a boarding-house keeper, answered for South Carolina; two-thirds of the Virginia delegation were Washington residents. Ex-Senator Ransom was not present, but was ably represented by "Plunger" Barnes as official custodian of the caucus. From the material at hand it was found impossible to make up an executive committee. That important matter has been left to a correspondence bureau.

What it all Means.

What does it all mean anyway? was propounded to Congressman Cox of Tennessee. "Well, it means," he said, "that we are lost—

DEMOCRACY IS DEAD.

We can't win the fight. The tide is against us, and the party is hopelessly divided."

Then, suggested your correspondent, the election of a Domocratic President is impossible.

"Entirely so, as things now go. Our conference may result in one possible good. It is possible, by agitating the silver question, we may be strong enough in the national convention to nominate a western man under a pledge not to veto silver legislation, and compel the eastern Democrats to bolt the nomination. In that event we would lose the Presidency, but we might secure the lower house of congress and possibly secure the senate. The nomination of a gold man ends all hope of Democratic success in 1896. The people demand a bold, open declaration on the silver question, and, speaking for Tennessee, no leader or set of leaders can

CHANGE THAT DETERMINATION."

In the event contemplated, will you support the Democratic candidate?

"If I voted I should vote the Democratic ticket. I have voted that way nearly forty years. I was an elector on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket before the war. But vote or not, I shall take no part in the campaign. I will not stultify public record and subject myself to public contempt, by advocating

WHAT I DO NOT BELIEVE."

Asked how the rank and file free silver Democrats will regard the nomination of a gold man, he said: "Nine out of ten, in my opinion,

WILL NOT VOTE THE TICKET."

A great many will not vote except in the local elections. What proportion may vote the Populist ticket will depend upon the nomination and platform. A strong nomination and the adoption of a bold American platform on the currency and tariff will attract a great many dissatisfied Democratic voters. The drift is that way now."

SIBLEY AND SILVER

The Echoes Of A Great Speech Ring Throughout The State.

STRONG, FORCIBLE PRESENTATIONS

Of Conditions That Exist and the Remedy Therefor.

CARLISLE AND SHERMAN HELD UP TO THE LIGHT.

One the Great Worshipper of the Rothschild Halo—The Other the Arch-Traitor of All History.

THREE TIMES THREE MILLION MEN WILL NOT BOW DOWN TO THE GOLDEN IMAGE.

But Will They Crush The Image By Unitedly Attacking It—Speeches By Messrs. Mewborne, Graham, Thompson and Senator Butler.

Thursday, August 15, was a day of note and importance for Wake county and North Carolina. It was the date for the great Alliance picnic at Cary, when men of prominence in State and nation discussed the issues of the hour.

It had been announced that Hon. Joseph C. Sibley, Senator Marion Butler and others would speak and great interest centred in the event.

The day opened threateningly. Dull, ominous clouds hovered near the earth, and many people were prevented from attending the meeting on account of the very forbidding aspect of the weather. Under these conditions the attendance did not reach reasonable expectations. But early in the morning vehicles of all descriptions began to roll into the place and by 11 o'clock there was an assemblagle of from fifteen hundred to two thousand people in the town of Cary. There would have been five thousand or more people under more favorable conditions.

At 10:30 o'clock a special train from Raleigh arrived on which came Senator Butler and Mr. Sibley with about one hundred attendants, among whom were Congressmen Stroud and Shuford, Maj. W. A. Guthrie, Dr. J. J. Iott and and other prominent people. A short time was spent in greetings and acquaintance making, and then on popular demand,

STATE SENATOR J. M. MEWBORNE,

ex-President of the Alliance, took the stand.

He made one of his characteristically earnest, clear and conscientious addresses in which he laid special stress upon the importance and value of Alliance work.

MR. W. A. GRAHAM.

Mr. Graham was the next speaker. He made an earnest talk in which he emphasized the necessity of further upbuilding the Alliance. He referred to the work it had already done as an educator, and the severe opposition it had met with from certain sources. He announced the right and necessity for farmers to organize for mutual benefit, and illustrated the value of the educational work it had done, and in doing this he said:

"When we started the Alliance we said that you might regulate everything else, but until you fix the money question the country will never be prosperous. The question is not how much a thing is worth, but what you have to buy it with. The Alliance has always taught and preached that. * * * You might as well be a goldbug, as to use your influence to put the goldbug in power. We must get together. In the revival of the Alliance is the hope of North Carolina."

DR. CYRUS THOMPSON,

the new President of the State Alliance, was next presented. His remarks were not extended but they were pithy and and forcible. He said among other things:

"We are frequently asked if the Alliance is still in politics. The Alliance was primarily a political organization and is now, to the extent of being an educator in political economy. If it were not, it would have no reason for existence in a republic. It is in politics to stay, and it has been and is now educating the people on economic questions. Its work and purposes have from the beginning been opposed and fought in the legislature, by the press and on the stump, and frequent declarations have been made by those who opposed us that we were dying. If we are dying, it is taking us a long time to get off; and we are not trying to gain a lease on life by changing our methods of living. We are teaching now what we have taught all the time and we will live to continue the same teaching. There is more eating crow in North Carolina today than any other diet. The Alliance is here to stay and is never going to die off. In spite of hard times we have had one of the most intelligent and enthusiastic sessions ever held. The genius of this organization is essential Christianity, made manifest 'in love toward His creatures here on earth.'"

[Here the speaker told the beautiful story of Abou Ben Adhem, who, by asking the recording angel to write him down "as one who loved his fellow man," saw his name stand first of all in the great record.]

"When the church fully comprehends its mision, the men at the altar will crowd the Alliance. The church today stands where it has always stood—on the side of human slavery—and not on the side of liberty. I thank God that even the pulpit is learning that we must live now as hereafter."

SENATOR MARION BUTLER

was next presented and was greeted with applause and cheers. His was the pointed, logical convincing address for for which he is noted, and was interspersed with vivid and witty illustration. While speaking a vigorous shower began to fall, and he paused and looked as though he were about to suggest seeking shelter.

"Go on; go on," exclaimed hundreds of voices, "the rain wont hurt."

"Oh, its all right with me," responded the Senator. "I have stood worse things than rain, but I do not wish to expose you to it."

"Go on; go on," the crowd called; and he continued.

In his remarks he referred to Mr. Sibley. He said: "He is a rich man, and he belongs to the Alliance. (Cheers.) I went into the Alliance because I was poor—something that any poor man will do unless he is a fool, provided he is eligible. But Mr. Sibley, though possessing a large portion of all that is best on earth, whose personal interests under present systems would put him in antagonism with the principles of the Alliance, has so great philanthropy, Christianity and love for his fellowman in his heart, that he joined the order and espoused its cause, though by so doing he knew he sacrificed much that he could gain by a course of self-aggrandizement and selfishness which he might easily pursue." (Cheers.)

When I began the fight as your President I was denounced as an anarchist. All the great leaders were telling you that the tariff was what was the matter with the country. The men who told you that on the stump (I have found by examining their tracks in Washington) voted more times on the financial question than on any other question before the country. They voted on one side or the other, but never would explain how they voted. They either knew or didn't know what they voted on. If they didn't know, they were unfit to represent us; if they did they were dishonest. They take either horn of that dilemma and perch on it till it hurts them. They howled 'tariff.' These Congressmen told you you were robbed by tariff barons. Everybody knows that the trouble is with that thing which sucks the wealth out of the pockets of the producers. For every $1,000,000 made by unjust tariff laws ten times that many millions have been drawn by the men who fixed on you this financial trust. Every time a millionaire is created, a million men lose a dollar each. If you had been put in the garden of Eden where Christ was born and earned a dollar, above expenses every day, you wouldn't be worth a million dollars. If you had been born with Adam you wouldn't have as much money as the Vanderbilt estate. I am not quarreling with men of wealth because they possess the wealth. I denounce the system that permits the taking of wealth from those who produce it by those who produce nothing. We are not honest if we denounce the man who has a million. I know and you know that if either of us could make a million dollars to-day, we would do it. I wish I had a million dollars and had a heart as pure and a soul as great and grand as that of Joseph C. Sibley. But millions are not to be accumulated in a lifetime by a man unless it be through systems which despoil many men for the advantage of one man. There is something wrong with the laws of a country where such conditions exist. We all ought to wake up and study this question. An Alliancemen is a traitor if he doesn't vote for his principles.

Here the Senator explained the principles of finance as taught by the Alliance, giving special attention to the demand for the free coinage of silver. He illustrated the disastrous effect upon prices of products by contracting the volume of currency. He then asked: "Are we in favor of restoring the silver law that was killed in 1873, and are we willing to show our sincerity and intelligence in favoring it by voting for it regardless of party affiliations and prejudice? If so hold up your hands. Let us see how we stand." Every man in the crowd held up his hand.

You have gone on making more that makes the country rich, but you have grown poorer all the time. If you could take a dollar and plant it, and make it produce more dollars, just as you plant corn and make it produce more corn, you could soon have all the dollars you want. But you now produce what exchanges for a dollar. God didn't intend us to plant seed and raise dollars. He intended that you should raise products and send men to Congress that would make dollars enough to exchange those products. Experience shows that the laws which tend to confine these dollars to gold alone will not make the exchange in an equitable and just manner. The gold demands more of your products than you can give and at the same time prosper. Let every man in this audience who has a piece of gold raise his hand! (Not a single hand raised.)

Now I am advised that dinner is ready. You have just shown that if you had to pay gold money for your dinner, not a single one of you could get any, and yet there are men who have nothing on earth who walk about like a poll parrott, talking about gold being the only sound currency. There are plenty of good things to eat on those tables to-day. But suppose there should not be any spring lamb and that you should say "I will eat nothing but spring lamb." I am a spring lamb man. Just because you couldn't get that, you would back up against a tree and starve to death, and nobody would cry because it would just be one fool less on earth. But you wouldn't be any bigger fool than the man who goes about saying "I am a gold standard man," though he hasn't got a grain of gold and can't get it.

"To-day your circulating medium is in the hands of greed. Will you break off the yoke of tyranny? Men in each party say they won't whip the goldbugs unless they can do it in their own parties. These men are the best agents and servants of the goldbugs and the devil that were ever born. Our ancestors drove the red coats from our shores. The British are now on your shores in possession of your government and are now fighting you

(Continued on fourth page.)

SILVER RALLY AT CONCORD.

Butler and Tillman Speak to Three Thousand People--Silver Sentiment Surging.

A GOLDBUG PAPER'S REPORT.

The Charlotte Observer Admits the Crowd --But Tries the "Contemptuous Fling" at it--The Speakers Carried in a Four Horse "Shay"--Accompanied by One Hundred Horsemen.

Special to the Charlotte Observer.]

CONCORD, Aug. 13.—There were between 2,500 and 3,000 people in Concord to-day to hear the apostles of free silver, Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, and Marion Butler, of North Carolina. Tillman came in on the vestibule from the North, where he had been speaking in New York State, and Butler arrived later, about half-past 11, on the fast mail, having come from Raleigh. Both were brought up to town on a buckboard drawn by four bay horses. Butler was accompanied to town by an escort of 100 or more mounted men and driven to the St. Cloud Hotel, where he joined Senator Tillman, who had been resting there since his arrival. The cavalcade then proceeded through the principal streets of the town and brought up at the court house, in the yard of which the speaking was to be held.

In the carriage with the two lions of the day were Sheriff John A. Simms, Messrs, Marshall White, M. H. H. Caldwell and J. M. Burrage.

THE CROWD.

There was not much enthusiasm evident. There certainly was not much smack of triumphal procession in the march through town. The "rebel yell" was heard only once. When the speakers had mounted the platform erected in front of, and extending from the court house portico, three cheers were proposed for Tillman. It took them a long time to come—the fuse burned a long time before the explosion came—and then it was not terrific. But it was the hungriest crowd for heresies met up with in a long time. Tillman and Butler fed it in the amplest manner on the rankest toadstools of Populism—and when it seemed as if it must have been satisfied, there was one long, wild, Oliver-Twistian cry for more. Tillman professed to serve his menu on a Democratic salver, a piece of plate that had been in the family a long time, while Butler handed out his mush and milk on a new Populist tray. But it all tasted the same. It was a free silver dish. Tillman finished about 1:30, but the crowd yelled for him to go on. Butler tried to conclude several times, but his auditors would not allow it, and when a thunder and rain storm came along, they insisted that he should continue in the court house, so that it was nearly 4 o'clock when he wound up.

There was quite a difference in the manner of these two newly elected United States Senators, pushed so prominently to the front in recent political upheavals, and on whom the eyes of the country will be fixed for the next four years—Tillman, quick, impassioned, fiery, bull-dog like; Butler, slow almost to tedious, cynical, sneering, and as sarcastic as Voltaire.

THE SMELL OF A NEW PARTY.

There was the smell of new partyism in the air. One could sniff it in the red-hot, sizzing words of Tillman as he hurled them, like a shower of coals, on all sides; the scent of it was sulphurous as one of Butler's slow-fuse bombs burst every now and then. And free silver was the nucleus of the new party alignment proposed. Tillman said he wanted a free silver President, from the Democratic party if he could get him there; if not, even from the ranks of Populism, in spite of its crazy leaders and crazy notions; Butler said patriotism must be placed above partisanship, even above Populism, in placing an honest (free silver) man in the White House.

TILLMAN'S SPEECH.

After an introduction by Mr. M. H. H. Caldwell, Tillman was greeted with loud cheering. The South Carolinian said he was glad to come from the North, reeking with slavery and corruption, to be with this people in the South—poor but honest. "We down here are locally free but nationally slaves." The Democratic party, so long held together in the South by the fear of negro domination, was disintegrating, because there was no longer apprehension from that cause, but new issues were coming to the front. The great fight ahead is how to keep down poverty and that oppression which consisted in making money for some other man to enjoy. The financial conditions were such as to favor the Northeastern section of the country. The Democratic party stood pledged to right "the crime of '73," the demonetization of silver, but when we had a majority in both houses, there was a President's veto in the way, and so the crime of '73 remained unrighted. The Republican party was the tool of the money power. The Democratic party had always been committed to bimetallism, but when it did not fulfill its pledges, the Alliance came along and taught that we would no longer stand by Democracy unless it did something. The speaker blamed the free silver "reform" element in the other southern States for not capturing the Democratic machinery in their States, as was done in South Carolina. "The Alliance and Polk had the Democratic party in North Carolina in their breeches pocket, but you went out and lost. But the solid South was broken up in the last election. Jarvis and Ransom went over the State trying to catch the senatorship, but this young man (pointing to Butler,) cooned up a tree, got the persimmon and away he went." [Great applause.]

But with the breaking of the solid south came the breaking of the solid North. "I'll stand by Democracy if it purifies itself, but I'll never follow thieves and rascals."

The old arguments of the silver men were gone over, that prices fell because of striking down silver, that silver was demonetized by sneaking legislation in 1873, that the panic of '73 was the result. The national bank question was discussed. The speaker asked if government bonds were so good why wouldn't a little fiat paper be good, too? Bonds themselves were fiat, he said—nothing but a promise to pay. Paper is not "a desirable investment," say the goldbugs. "Ah, that is where the shoe pinches." Cleveland and Carlisle came in for abuse for arranging the last bond issue, and letting England dictate the terms of it. There is not enough money in the country. "Metallic money—silver—has been stricken down and until we get it back we will suck the hind teat that has got no milk in it." [Laughter and applause.]

It is the duty of the people to consider carefully the financial issue and to follow where their interests led them. The old Puritans and their descendants, acting on the principle that "the world was created for the saints and we are the saints," had governed this country long enough.

Mr. Tillman then went into a long discussion of what money is. Carlisle says that law can't affect the value of a metal. That statement is absurd. Talk about fiat money. Gold is as much fiat money as any other and because the law makes it so, and silver bullion can't be carried to the mint and coined, as gold is, simply because the law forbids.

Democratic politicians howled for a long time about the tariff iniquity. Did Cleveland call Congress together to repeal the tariff? No—to repeal the Sherman law.

What is to be done? Can the Democrats of the south and the Populists of the west get together? Will they let by-gones be by-gones and fight together against Wall street? We have only eighteen months to work, and if the silver men of all parties don't come together within that time, we will have our hands fastened in the shackles; we will have gold bonds forced on us and be tied hand and foot for a generation. He would work to have his State put out an electoral ticket which would cast its vote for a dyed-in-the-wool silver man; a man east of the Mississippi wouldn't do. Western Republicans hate the name of Democrat; southern Democrats hate the name of Republican; we can't join the Populist party because you have too many cranks at your head. We are here to consider how to get together. If we in South Carolina can't get a silver man for President in the Democratic party, we may have to take one from the Populist party. I would rather have Populism with its cranky leaders than to follow the false leaders in the old party who have proven traitors. North Carolina is overwhelmingly for silver, as South Carolina is. They must stand together. Their interests are identical.

SENATOR BUTLER'S SPEECH.

Mr. Butler said he came to hear Tillman. Tillman was a Democrat. He was a Populist, now and forever, would without end. "But," he asked, "how many Democrats are like Tillman? Bring them up. I want to shake hands with them." No matter what label he bears, Tillman talks the principles of Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson and Abe Lincoln and makes them his, and he (Mr. Butler) would like to see Tillman, or some man with those principles, President of the United States. That is the remedy for the legislative and financial evils oppressing this country—to make an honest man President.

Unjust financial legislation was at the root of the oppression of the people. To every man who had made a million out of the poor by reason of iniquitous tariff laws, ten had made a million by reason of an unjust money system. "They call it 'accumulating' (sarcastically) but it is stealing. There are 4,000 millionaires today. Not a —— one of them ever earned a cent of their money. No man can acquire a million dollars without getting the money somebody else made.

"If you had been born the same day as Jesus Christ, 1,895 years ago, and could have started to saving a dollar the next day, and had saved a dollar every day since, you would not be worth a million dollars today. Millionaires can steal because they have hold of Congress. Every time a millionaires sprouts up in the north a million men down here lose a dollar."

In the course of his speech, Butler said it was said Cleveland expected to carry this State because he had named his baby "Mary Ann." [Laughter.] "I would vote for the baby but not for him."

In discussing or 'cussing the goldbugs, Mr. Butler said: "Now I want you reporters to take down what I'm going to say: I can go tomorrow to every bank in the State, take every cashier and put them in a row and not one of them will know as much of the financial question as these farmers. If they deny it let them get together and face me. I'll get the farmers together, and have a school and teach them finance. Most bank officers don't study this question. They think they know it all and will not study it.

"No preacher can endorse the national banking system. Talk about preachers not taking part in politics! Why Christ walked into politics, and stuck His toe into it that deep [measuring with his hand.] He drove the money-changers out of the temple. Christ was crucified because he went into politics—because He dared to oppose the money-changers, and the money-changers crucified Him. I dare any preacher to deny it."

Mr. Butler said "the man who puts party above principle is the best tool the goldbugs have, and the devil never had a better servant than a goldbug.

"Every bond this government owes England today or any other country or any individual is payable in either gold or silver at the option of the government, and it says so on the face of the bond. Yet Cleveland is going to England to get gold, when he could pay the bonds in silver. He

[Continued on 3rd page.]

RANSOM IS NOT MINISTER.

His Appointment to Mexico Proves Void by Constitutional Violation

BUT HE MAY GET BACK.

Cleveland Gave Him the Mission While Senator—But the act was Unconstitutional—Ransom was Seeking Further Leave of Absence—On Account of "Ill Health."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Hon Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina, is no longer Minister of the United States to Mexico. That office was practically declared vacant to-day by a decision rendered by Mr. Holmes Conrad, Solicitor General of the United States and Acting Attorney General. Mr. Ransom's incumbency was declared to be contrary to the Federal constitution, and the acting Attorney General sustained the action of Mr. Thomas Holcomb, Auditor of the Treasury for the State Department, in declining to pass favorably upon Mr. Ransom's vouchers for salary and expenses.

The decision of the acting Attorney General was based on a question raised by Auditor Holcomb as to the legality of Mr. Ransom's appointment to the Mexican mission, in view of the existence of section 2, article 6, of the constitution, which declares that "no Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time." This provision apparently fitted the case of Mr. Ransom for he was nominated by President Cleveland and confirmed by the Senate before his term of office as Senator of North Carolina had expired, and during that term the salary of the Mexican mission had been increased $5,000 a year.

Mr. Ransom was elected to the Senate in 1872, and served continuously from April 24th of that year until February 23rd, 1895, when his nomination to the Mexican mission was sent to the Senate and immediately confirmed by that body, and until the 4th of March when his term expired and his commission as Minister to Mexico was signed by the President. He was a member of the Senate when the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was passed, which contained a provision raising the post of Minister to Mexico from a mission of the second class to a mission of the first class, and increasing the salary of the office from $12,500 to $17,500 a year. It is due to Mr. Ransom's occupancy of a seat in the Senate chamber at that time that he is to day without an office and that he is technically a debtor to the government for the amount of salary he has drawn since assuming his diplomatic post. Whether or not he voted in favor of the increase is of no consequence; the fact that he was a member of the Senate when it passed the diplomatic and consular bill as stated, operated against him in holding in a legal manner any Federal civil office "which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased" during the time for which he was elected Senator.

Soon after Mr. Ransom's appointment to the Mexican mission there was considerable discussion in the newspapers and among public men as to whether his incumbency of the office was legal. The matter was considered informally by the President and members of the cabinet, but as no formal question on the subject was raised by any officer of the government, the status of Mr Ransom was not impaired. So far as can be ascertained Mr. Ransom continued to draw his salary of $17,500 a year, but it was only recently that Auditor Holcomb, when he came to pass upon the accounts, found himself unable to decide whether he could approve the payment of Mr. Ransom's salary, in view of the fact that he had been a member of the Senate when it was increased. The matter was accordingly submitted to the Attorney-General for an opinion.

The decision rendered today by the acting attorney general also disposes of another matter in which Mr. Ransom was pecuniarily interested. Nearly three months ago he returned to the United States quite ill, having obtained sixty days leave of absence. He spent most of the time recuperating in the North Carolina mountains and then obtained an additional leave for thirty days. Under the regulations of the diplomatic service, Mr. Ransom was entitled to sixty sixty days annual leave and to thirty days sick leave additional, a total of ninety days. There is no provisions for a further extension for any reason and diplomatic or consular officers who have exceeded this quota, have not received pay for the period they remained away from their posts. Mr. Ransom's ninety days are nearly up and last week he came to Washington to ascertain if his continued ill health would secure for him a further extension with pay. That question was not disposed of and there is now no necessity for an opinion on it, in Mr. Ransom's case, at least, as the acting Attorney General's decision disposes of everything relating to his emoluments.

The constitutional provision through which Mr. Ransom has been deprived of office does not bar him from being reappointed to the Mexican mission. He could have been appointed without violation of the law or constitution at any time after the hour of noon on March 4th, last, when his senatorial term expired.

One dollar will carry The CAUCASIAN to ten new subscribers three months. If you think the paper is worth that, see that ten new names are sent from your community at once.

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GOLD BUG PROOF.

No party except the Populist has ever done that (declared against single gold standard) in national convention and there is no present probability that any other ever will.--Charlotte Observer- Goldbug Dem.

WE DEMAND THE FREE AND UNLIMITED COINAGE OF SILVER AND GOLD AT THE PRESENT LEGAL RATIO OF 16 TO 1.—PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM.

THREE MONTHS FOR TEN CENTS

The next issue of the CAUCASIAN will contain a "Farewell Letter" to the Democratic party from Mr. Walter R. Henry. It is a dignified but scathing excoriation of Democracy for failure to keep its pledges and for abandonment of its long and oft-declared principles. Mr. Henry clearly shows the impossibility for a consistent man to remain in the party, and though some people are well informed as to the record, this letter will be a revelation to everybody. DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT.

We will send The CAUCASIAN three months, in clubs of ten **new subscribers**, for *ten cents* for all orders made before Sept. 15th. Of course it will be understood that this offer is not made for profit. It is made for the purpose of securing **new** readers for The CAUCASIAN that they may see what the paper is doing.

THREE MONTHS FOR TEN CENTS in clubs of ten. This offer holds good for thirty days only.

Let every reformer see that at least one club **of ten new names** is made up in his vicinity. Let everybody strike one blow now to expose and overcome the shylock work of that 52 William street Reform club.

Let at least ten thousand copies of the paper be scattered among the reading people under the above proposition.

This offer applies to **new** subscribers only.

"INSIDE THE PARTY" CRANKS.

The CAUCASIAN readers will remember the great silver convention which was held at Memphis in June. It was attended by men of all political faiths and was essentially a meeting of people who favored the free coinage of silver in this country without the consent or agreement of any other country. One thousand delegates were present.

* * *

As is well known, it would have been an easy thing to have passed, in that convention, resolutions declaring for the advocacy and support of free silver without regard to political affiliation. But there was some opposition to this by such men as Senator Harris, of Tennessee; Senator Jones, of Arkansas, and Senator Turpie, of Indiana. In fact they threatened to bolt the convention if such a resolution should pass. Then, to prevent a split in the silver forces, the independent element contented themselves by permitting a simple declaration in favor of silver, and by arranging a plan for the organization of all silver forces throughout the country.

* * *

The men above named acted in bad faith. As soon as the Memphis convention adjourned they went to a hotel and began a plan to work up silver "inside the party" (Democratic.) They issued a call for a silver convention of Democrats to confer and co-operate. They thought they could bring together a great crowd, but only eighty-five people turned up on the appointed day, August 14th. Then the old schemers began to say that the idea that this was to be a "mass-meeting" was all wrong; that it was only intended that a small number of "leaders" should come together. If they could have called a thousand people together as was the case at Memphis, they would have done so and would have blown about and whooped about it a month.

* * *

Well, a few of them have come together. They have declared for silver—provided they can get it inside their party. If they can't they will support their party. That's all. These men are either silly or dishonest. They ought to have sense enough to know that the goldbug Democracy will never vote for free silver. They ought to have sense enough to know that all the northern and eastern Democrats are goldbugs. They ought to have sense enough to know that even if the Democratic national convention should nominate a free silver man, the goldbug element would bolt and support a goldbug nominee, regardless of party. Then, when they try to bind a large silver element to declare for silver and work for silver "within their party lines" and in no other way, they are weakening their cause by keeping silver men divided. They ought to know that the Democratic party is not strong enough to enact silver laws in this country.

* * *

If they do not know these things, they are fools. If they do know them, they are not honest in their advocacy of silver. They are the very best agents the goldbugs have, and the goldbugs would willingly pay them for such work if that work could not be gotten otherwise.

MR. W. R. HENRY.

Mr. W. R. Henry will, in next week's CAUCASIAN, tell the Democratic party "Good Bye." For several past campaigns this gentleman has canvassed the State from one end to the other in the interest of that party. In consequence of this he has an extensive personal acquaintance and is known everywhere. His ability as a speaker and writer is fully acknowledged by those who have heard him or read after him. His open letter to Senator Ransom, which appeared in the CAUCASIAN, will be remembered as a strong, scholarly document but which contained a terrific and irresistible arraignment of deceit and hypocrisy in high places.

* * *

Mr. Henry's farewell letter is a dignified but powerful excoriation of double-faced Democracy. In its exposition of the duplicity, cowardice and falsity of that organization, it is merciless, but clear and truthful. It turns the light on some things about which there has been confusion. It does not deal in abuse or billingsgate; but preserving decorum, it hurls such thunderbolts of truth against the disgraceful record of Democracy as must shake it to the very foundation, and from which its inconsistent minions must slink away in dishonor and disgrace.

* * *

It is easy to anticipate the probable slings which Mr. Henry's letter will provoke from the party press. It is well known that he was an applicant for official position in the Democratic party and did not get one. This fact he has made known himself; and he courageously stated the reasons why he did not get it. This will be taken as a sufficient basis by the party press and partisans to say that Mr. Henry is a "sore-head" or something like that, and that he left the party because he was not given a piece of the public pie.

* * *

Such an explanation will, of course, be satisfactory to hide bound, prejudiced, pur-blind members of the party; but the honest, intelligent people of the State will wonder why the charges made by Mr. Henry are not denied and why his reasons for leaving the party are not attacked and nullified. The Democratic press preserved a dark-brown, dense silence on Mr. Henry's letter to Mr. Ransom, and the CAUCASIAN predicts that, with reference to *making a reply* to the coming letter, the Democratic press will be still more densely silent. Don't fail to see and read the letter.

BOSH! BUNGLING BOSH!

The Raleigh News and Observer says in an editorial:

"The many increases in wages in all parts of the country leave no room to doubt the wisdom of tariff reduction and the active prosperity of the times. Manufacturers sometimes reduce wages for political reasons, but they only increase wages when prosperity enables and compels them to do it. When such men as Carnegie and Pullman put up wages it is because it is to their interest to put up wages."

There are very few people, if any, who give the News and Observer management credit for being moved or guided by conviction of duty or sense of principle, though it had been thought that the editor possessed a certain kind of shrewdness. But it is charitable to call the above bosh and silly twaddle. Carnegie and Pullman, two high tariff robber Republicans, raise wages because the Democrats passed a low (?) tariff law. It proves that Carnegie and Pullman are making more money and that the people are making less money under the Democratic than under the Republican tariff. Therefore these high tariff robber barons raise wages to help the high tariff—free raw material—gold bug Democrats. They have raised wages for *political reasons*.

* * *

Nothing is a greater help to the manufacturer than to have free raw materials. He gets protection and the man who produces the raw materials gets none. Under the Democratic plan of free raw materials, the "tariff baron" can buy the raw materials for less than ever, and therefore can sell his manufactured articles for more profit than ever. This is worse than McKinlyism. Of course the manufacturer likes the Democratic plan. Of course he raises wages for "political reasons"—to help the Democrats who have helped him—of course the manufacturer and the gold bug are prospering under Democratic rule. But who else is?

* * *

The people in the South and West who are at work producing the raw materials have not increased wages—they have been forced to reduce wages for they are making less than ever. The Democratic plan is very unjust to the South and West. The CAUCASIAN is for free silver, more money and for incidental protection to raw materials equal to the incidental protection which the manufacturers reaps from a tariff for revenue. And we challenge any Democratic newspaper that has any reputation for truth or correctness to say that this is not just and right. This is the position of the People's Party.

DEMOCRACY SURRENDERING TO GOLD BUGS.

The Georgia Democratic papers are two to one for the single gold standard. Read what the Atlanta Journal, the Macon Telegraph and the Richmond Dispatch say. We clip the following from the Dispatch:

"There need be no further dispute as to how the papers of Georgia stand on the question of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Macon Telegraph gives replies from 144 newspapers in that State in answer to the inquiry: "Does your paper advocate the free, unlimited, and independent coinage of silver at 16 to 1? To this question 55 papers answer "yes," and 89 answer "no."

The Atlanta Journal comments as follows:

"Against the 89 sound money Democratic papers, we have arrayed for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, only 43 Democratic papers, 7 Populist, 2 Independent, 1 Farmers' Alliance, 1 Independent, and 1 Prohibitionist. The Democratic papers opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver outnumber by more than two to one the Democratic papers which favor it. There are 13 daily papers opposed to free coinage, and only 9 in favor of it."

So that question is settled.

* * *

It will be noticed that every Populist paper in the State is for the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver. We clip again from the Richmond Dispatch:

"Those free-silver Democrats who found something encouraging in the proceedings of the recent Griffin convention in Georgia will, no doubt, rejoice over the unanimous adoption of the following resolution by the Democratic State Convention of Maryland. We quote:

"We heartily commend his (Mr. Cleveland's) administration for the vigor and success with which it has met and overcome the many and great difficulties with which the administration of President Harrison and the Republican party left it to deal, and especially for the courage, sagacity, and ability which it has displayed in its determined and resolute efforts to rescue the country from the deplorable evils of a fluctuating, unstable, and debased currency, and to crush the pernicious, financial heresy of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1."

WHAT WILL "THE STAR" DO?

"The "Solid South" will be a thing of the past if the financial views of Mr. Carlisle prevail in the next National Democratic convention; and, worst of all, North Carolina will remain in the hands of the Republicans and Populists. The Democrats cannot carry this State on a Carlisle platform. —Wilmington Star.

Will the Star leave the gold bug (Carlisle platform) Democratic party, or does it admit that there are thousands of men in the party now who are more patriotic than it is?

A TIMELY QUESTION.

Mr. W. J. Peele of the Raleigh bar asks this question:

"While Governor Jarvis is abusing the People's party for the sins of the fusion legislature, why does he not abuse the Democratic party for the more scarlet sins of Grover Cleveland and Matt Ransom?"

Mr. W. J. Peele of the Raleigh bar gives the Democratic politicians a good pointer when he tells them that they are fooling themselves if they think "that what mistakes the last legislature made have sunk as deeply into the hearts of the State or nation as the mistakes of Grover Cleveland, Hoke Smith, John G. Carlisle, John Sherman, or M. W. Ransom, *et id omne genus*." The people will endorse the work of the last legislature but they will never endorse the traitorous work of Ransom, Cleveland and Carlisle.

The Concord meeting was a hummer. It was a silver meeting. The News and Observer—a silver (?) paper—says eight hundred people were there. The Charlotte Observer—a goldbug paper—says three thousand people were there. Both these papers are Democratic. Of course we believe them both. See?

Some Democratic "leaders" are quite fluent in declaring their opposition to issuing government bonds in *time of peace*. Wonder if they would not stir up a little war somewhere if they get another "chance."

It seems that the "in the party" Democrats find the lobbyist an indispensable adjunct both in the matter of running a Democratic congress and conducting a "National Democratic Silver conference."

It begins to look as though the "National Democratic Silver Conference would have been a *complete* "bust" if the boarding-house business had not kept some people in Washington during the summer.

It will probably not end anger the "solidity of the party" for ex-Senator Jarvis and ex-State printer Daniels to push the "plan of organization" in this State. But they must first find their solidity.

The News and Observer's Concord reporter would not make a good circulation editor for a Democratic paper.

Have you read our 10 cent offer?

HONEST MONEY OR SILVER CLUBS.

The Organization of Clubs Called for by Authority of the Memphis Convention.

To the Voters of North Carolina:

The Memphis convention composed of representative men of all parties who oppose the schemes of the single gold standard men, passed the following resolution:

RESOLVED, That a committee composed of one member from each State, be appointed by the delegates thereof in this convention, whose duty it shall be to correspond with the representatives and advocates of bimetallism and bimetallic societies in the different sections of the Union, and devise measures to advance the cause of bimetallism throughout the United States.

That this committee shall have power to call a national conference of bimetallists whenever, in the opinion of the committee, the cause of bimetallism can be advanced thereby. Said committee shall have power to fill all vacancies.

The committee, in accordance to the above resolution, elected a national committee of one member from each State.

This committee met in Chicago on July 18th and passed a resolution empowering and instructing the member of the committee from each State to proceed at once to organize "Honest Money Clubs" in his State. Therefore, I now call for the organization of "Honest Money Clubs" in every county in the State.

The scheme of the single gold standard men is:

First. To prevent any further coinage of silver into legal tender dollars at the ratio of 16 to 1, and to bring this country to an absolute gold basis.

2nd. To have the silver dollars already coined robbed of their legal power, so as to be only token silver money to be redeemed in gold, like token paper currency.

3rd To destroy all silver certificates, treasury notes and greenbacks, and to issue and fasten upon this country gold interest bearing bonds to the amount of the money and currency thus destroyed. The coin bonds of the government already issued will then be made payable in gold only.

4th. To increase the power of the national bonds by turning over to their management and control the entire issue of paper currency to be redeemed in gold.

If the above infamous scheme succeeds the hard times we now have will be made twice as hard and the liberty and prosperity of the American people will be sealed forever.

The object of the "Honest Money Clubs" will be to bring together all men who are opposed to this diabolical English plot and who will fight not only to the bitter end to prevent its consummation but also to restore and maintain an honest financial system.

The time has come when it is the duty of every patriot of every party to come together and fight the English gold curse with the same unity, zeal and determination that our forefathers fought and drove British bayonets from American soil.

As soon as a club is organized send in the name and postoffice of the the President and Secretary of your club.

I recommend that a State convention of these clubs, as soon as a sufficient number are organized, hold a State conference for the purpose of consultation, &c.

MARION BUTLER,
Member of National Committee for North Carolina.

KENTUCKY POPULISTS.

Stirring Appeal for Assistance to the Brothers of Other States—The Fight in Kentucky is Your Fight.

Editor Caucasian.

I suppose you can readily appreciate the importance of the fight the People's Party are entering. Both the old parties in Kentucky are for the Cleveland-Sherman financial policy, while the People's Party alone stands for the money of the plain people.

The Democratic party is hopelessly divided, and the senior Senator, Mr. Blackburn, is in open revolt against the constituted authorities of his party, and every movement made and every speech of either faction only serves to intensify the confusion and emphasize the demoralization of that party.

Here in Kentucky, beyond question, more Democrats stand on our platform than on their own; and we expect to make a supreme effort to capture them. The fight is therefore on the clean-cut issue, the old parties for monometallism, bonds and bank currency, the People's Party for silver, and government currency and against bonds. With us, in sympathy, are the people. A strong fight with a sharp display of strength and activity simply means a political revolution which will not be limited in its good effects to Kentucky, but will carry with it encourage to every reformer in the union.

The People's Party of Kentucky of itself is not able to put up the kind of fight that the occasion demands; but I believe with Senator Butler, of North Carolina, that every Populist in the union should consider this his fight, and aid in every way conceivable.

The gallant reform press, of which I am proud, as editor of the Kentucky Populist, to form a part, will make a fight to the finish. But we want the help of every Populist paper in the country. By running a call for contributions, and by editorial comment, in each issue, and by keeping our fight before the people as much as possible, the press can bring to our aid two millions of voters, to overthrow goldbuggery and corporate misrule in Kentucky. A victory in this State, or even a phenomenal gain, means to head off the single silver movement and precipitate the tidal wave that will carry us to victory in the nation next year. Will you, my brother, lend your assistance in every conceivable way?

Send contributions for our campaign fund to

JO. A. PARKER,
Chairman State Com,
Louisville, Ky.

Let every friend of good government get up a club for THE CAUCASIAN.

Sibley and Silver.

(Continued from 4th page.)

times do not believe in free silver, because by such a course as this you are lending aid and comfort to the goldbugs and are the worst of traitors to the cause. I announce to every man who is a member of the gold party that they are committing a crime, and that it is the most stupendous crime ever committed by going into a party whose only purpose is to come out ahead in the race. Go on with the play and when the curtain rings up for the last act I will be there to see you take your part.

Why do you not tell your men from the southland to say to those of the north: We have united with you and stood with you and reasoned together until now—until the gold standard is placed upon us. We have been true to you but you have not done

YOUR DUTY BY US.

We have lost every time—you have made every gain. If you want the loaves and fishes to be awarded the Democratic party, stand by that principle which is the true and sacred one and we will help you get them. But if you betray us, you do it at your peril.

We must head off the traitors. We must not act so as to make them think no matter what they do, we are going to be with them and give them confidence to go on in their designs. They know that if they do not

TAKE CARE OF THE GOLDBUGS

of the north, those goldbugs will not vote with their party; but they think the farmers and producers of the nation are easily lead by politicians; that they will follow constantly and do whatever the leaders bid them without regard to understanding or claims.

What have your politicians done for you? Have they increased your happiness or welfare, or have they set themselves up as autocrats? Have you not hired them

AS YOUR SERVANTS?

When they chose to violate their pledges to you—when promises were broken and policies which they wer einstructed to follow were ignored, you did not dare in your majesty to rebuke them.

A showman had a dog. He took a piece of meat from his pocket and said to the dog, stand up. The dog stood up. He told him to lie uown. The dog lay down. He told him to speak. The dog barked. He told him to roll over. The dog rolled over. All this time the showman held the meat just above the dog's nose and the dog did everything he was told to do. Then the showman putting the meat back into his pocket, said: "I will save this for some other day; you perform well enough without any meat." (Cheers.)

That is the way the politicians have done. They have always been keeping the meat for another time. You have performed well enough without any in the past, and they presume your future course will be along the same lines and lie in the same direction. (Loud applause.)

A noted German patriot in warning Germany of the evils that would come from monometallism, said it would decrease all the values of property and prices of labor, and breed strife and promote strikes; and when that time came the cause would be attributed to strikes, disturbances and overproduction which are the effects of this single standard and to every

CAUSE EXCEPT THE ONE TRUE CAUSE.

Twenty years ago we had warning of what might come from a prominent member of the English parliament. It was the policy of the English government to maintain the gold standard. The English statesman declared that America was the great wheat and cotton producing country and that England was the great customer and consumer of these crops. By controlling the money through the gold standard the English people could control prices, and by depressing them the tendency would be to destroy America as the cotton and wheat producer of the globe and substitute their own colony, India, in its stead. The force and truth of this presentation is borne out by President Garfield, who, speaking of monetary systems said: "Whoever controls the volume of money in any country is absolutely master of all industry and commerce."

And then comes a warning from a man high in the councils of this country and nation, and whose course and action affects the interest of every man here to-day.

As a plebeian standing in the temple pleading for liberty he

COULD SPEAK LIKE AN ARCHANGEL,

but when a high priest in the temple of Mammon he has fallen to a lower plane. I refer to John G. Carlisle, from whom I drank in my Democracy. He is to-day sent out to nullify the doctrines of Jefferson and Jackson. If Jefferson and Jackson were Democrats, Cleveland and Carlisle are not. Thomas Jefferson said that in this nation a moneyed Democracy could never be established, but at some time there might be a moneyed aristocracy. Grover Cleveland is trying to prove this.

This same Carlisle, who is so afraid of being misquoted, and who fears to be quoted at all, once expressed his belief as to what the consequences of the demonetization of silver would be, and predicted with prophetic accuracy the evils and distress and disaster which would come upon the people with the destruction of about one-half of the common people's money. Standing there in the halls of congress in 1878, surrounded by men who listened with intense interest and earnestness he said: [I read direct from the record so as not to misquote him.]

"I know that the world's stock of precious metals is none too large, and I see no reason to apprehend that it will ever be so. Mankind will be fortunate indeed if the annual production of gold and silver coin shall keep pace with the annual increase of population, commerce, and industry. According to my views of the subject, the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by

LEGISLATION AND OTHERWISE

from three-sevenths to one-half of the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilences, famines that ever occurred in the history of the world.

The absolute and instantaneous destruction of half the entire moveable property of the world, including houses, ships, railroads, and other appliances for carrying on commerce, while it would be felt more sensibly at the moment, would not produce anything like the prolonged distress and disorganization of society that must inevitably result from the permanent annihilation of one-half the metallic money of the world.

Mr. Carlisle, your diagnosis was correct. Each symptom of the evils you then described appear with alarming import and irresistible certainty. Let me again quote Secretary Carlisle, who, standing on the floor of the House as a representative of the people at an hour before his eyes became dazzled with the golden glitter of Pluto's palace, at an hour prior to Rothschild fixing a golden halo above his head, portrayed, in language stronger than any I am capable of framing, the necessity for patriotism to gird itself for the resistance of powers financial and powers executive. It seems to me that this great mind has blazoned out a path of duty that in the present hour of danger we may follow with safety:

The struggle now going on cannot cease, and ought not to cease, until all the industrial interests of the country are

FULLY AND FINALLY EMANCIPATED

from the heartless domination of syndicates, stock exchanges, and other great combinations of money grabbers in this country and in Europe. Let us, if we can do no better, pass bill after bill, embodying in each some substantial provision for relief, and send them to the Executive for his approval. If he withholds his signature, and we are unable to secure the necessary votes, here or elsewhere, to enact them into laws notwithstanding his veto, let us, as a last resort, suspend the rules and put them into the general appropriation bills, with the distinct understanding that if the people can get no relief the Government can get no money.

This language, uttered when he stood there as an apostle in the temple of humanity, may not agree with his utterance standing as a high priest in the temple of Mammon, but I prefer to follow the counsels of the plebeian rather than the patrician leader. If my Democracy is to-day at fault, next to Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson, Mr. Carlisle is responsible for such Democratic sentiments as are cherished by me. For years I listened to his utterances as those of the very oracle and expounder of Jeffersonian Democracy. The words of wisdom falling from his lips so verified each maxim of Jefferson, each declaration of Jackson, as served to ground me firm in the faith that this was a government designed for the welfare of all God's children—

NOT FOR A LIMITED PORTION.

If I have uttered a word of bitterness concerning one who more than any living man was my commentator on the saints in the Democratic calendar, such bitterness is not in my heart. The good that he has done shall live and follow him long after his mistakes have been forgiven and forgotten, and we must view him as we would one of the grand sculptured warriors of the heroic age, which time and the elements have marred and defaced, leaving enough, however, to show the beauty and glory of the original. I do not know that I even had it in my heart to quote as applicable Browning's lines upon "The Lost Leader."

We that had loved him so, followe'd him,
honor'd him,
Lived in his mild and magnificent eye,
Learn'd his great language, caught his clear accents,
Made him our pattern to live and to die!
* * * * * *
He alone breaks from the van and the freemen;
He alone sinks to the rear and the slaves.
We shall march prospering,—not through his presence;
Songs may inspire us,—not from his lyre;
Deeds will be done,—while he boasts his quiescence,
Still bidding crouch whom the rest bade aspire.
Blot out his name, then,—record one lost soul more,
One task more declined, one more footpath untrod,
One more triumph for devils, and sorrow for angels,
One wrong more to man, one more insult to God.

No man was more cognizant of this crime of demonetization than Jno. G. Carlisle. He saw it clearly until his vision was obscured by the golden halo of the Rothschilds—until he was called to the cabinet as Chancellor of the Exchequer. Now he does not denounce that act as crime, and says that though he favors the coinage of silver, he thought there ought to have been a charge for mintage. Yet he voted for every bill for the free and unlimited coinage of silver that came before Congress while he was a member of that body.

"Along this highway of monometallism are buried 18,000 suicides, and on it walk

MORE BEGGARS, TRAMPS AND BANKRUPTS

than have ever before been known in our history; more gambling, more idle men, more haggard women and crying children, and the end is not yet. Yes, you told the truth Mr. Carlisle, and these people are here to vouch for the accuracy of your prophecy." Let's hear it again:

"The absolute and instantaneous destruction of half the entire movable property of the world, including houses, ships, railroads, and other appliances for carrying on commerce, while it would be felt more sensibly at the moment, would not produce anything like the prolonged distress and disorganization of society that must inevitably result from the permanent annihilation of one half the metallic money of the world."

When the Democrats in Congress passed a free coinage bill and President Hayes vetoed it, Carlisle stood up and warned the Democrats that it was their duty to stop every dollar of appropriations for conducting the government until the President signed the bill and thus say to the government that if it would not give that bill to the people, Congress would not supply the necessary money for the administration. At that time Mr. Carlisle would have stopped the wheels of government rather than see the horrors of gold monometallism descend upon the producers and laborers of America. But somehow the bees have been buzzing in his ears, and in his mind's eye the golden halo of the Rothschilds hangs over him.

Now then, the people have seen the disastrous consequences and attendant misery of this gold standard. It is a result of following and trusting politicians. Those who have rebuked it have lost office, and those who stay in by grace of a Democratic administration, have abandoned the

CONVICTIONS OF A LIFE TIME.

They have never seen a gold standard set up that brought a high degree of blessing to the people in its operation.

We have had the gold standard before. You, who stand here, have read of the time when the Lord led the children of Israel out of captivity. And when the prophet, the leader and the lawgiver had gone up on the Mountain of Truth to commune with the Eternal God, these same people who today demand the binding on of the golden shackles, these same people whose interests lie in that direction, caused Aaron, the high priest to set up a golden standard (calf) on the plains below and fell down and worshiped it; but the prophet of the Lord ground that calf into powder and spread it out upon the waters. My friends, you can let them fall down and worship at this shrine. There may be many who will still worship at the shrine of Baal and Moloch, but there is

STILL A MAJORITY OF PEOPLE

who know not these false gods. [Applause.]

Yet another time the golden image was set up. If you will take your Bible and turn to the third chapter of Daniel, you will find that it will read about this way: "Nebuchadnezzar the king made an image of gold whose height was three score cubits, and the breadth thereof six cubits; he set it up in the plain of Dura in the province of Babylon."

"Then Nebuchadnezzar the king sent to gather together the princes, the governors, and the captains; the judges, the treasurers, the counsellors, the sheriffs and all the rulers of the Provinces to come to the dedication of the image which Nebuchadnezzar the king had set up."

It looks as though

ALL THE OFFICE-HOLDERS

in the Kingdom of Babylon had been summoned to Dura to endorse the king's idea. [Applause.]

"Then an herald cried aloud; To you it is commanded, Oh people, nations and languages"

"That at what time ye hear the sound of the cornet, flute, harp, sackbut, psaltry, dulcimer and all kinds of music ye fall down and worship the golden image &c &c."

"And who so falleth not down and worshippeth shall the same hour be cast into the midst of a burning fiery furnace."

Now, you just read the President's letter to Governor Stone of Missippi. (Loud Applause.) You will read the same thing. It is pure Bible. I think he must have modelled it on the exact lines of the decree of Nebuchadnezzar. Perhaps he does not go far enough with the story to tell us how the office holders fell down and "worshipped" &c; for the Bible tells us that the office holders of Babylon bowed down at the king's command.

But there were three men who held office who would not bow down to the golden image set up by the king.

They were Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego. Nebuchadnezzar then became full of fury. He ordered that the furnace be heated seven times hotter and commanded the most mighty men and cast them into the furnace. But when this was done they walked in the furnace, and one like unto the image of the Son of God walked with them.

I have read of the breath of the hot simoon, which, sweeping across the desert sands, destroys all in its path. I have read of the black plague, which, stalking through a nation, claimed thousands for its victims. I have read of the scourges of the yellow fever in our own land, which brought terror to the hearts of millions and death in the homes of thousands. But, sir, I have never been told that these scourges

WERE INVITED GUESTS.

Tyrants and monstrosities of cruelty have in ages past wreaked insatiable violence upon defenseless subjects, but nowhere in the pages of history have I found recorded a people who willingly and cheerfully submitted. Sum up the whole list of human ills, inventory all the plagues and plaguers, and their curses are as trifles compared with the curses which follow falling prices.

You may set up your golden images; you may heat your furnaces seven times hotter; you may pour out on the heads of the suffering people all the vials of your wrath not yet emptied; but there will be not only three, but three times three millions of men who will

REFUSE TO BOW DOWN

and worship the golden god. [Applause.]

I do not want to be personal. I do not want to be invidious. In this great earth, in the providence of almighty God, Our Heavenly Father, all things will come right in the end.

Carry then the story of Nebuchadnezzer a little further. He got to his level in time. Did he not for seven years eat grass with the other beasts of the field? (Applause.)

Now, then, I believe all things will come right in time. We have been discouraged for a long time, but God Almighty is on our side. Truth that seems to be at the bottom will be at the top. The ladder upward is all right—you cannot see the top of it. The bottom is on earth; the top is obscured by the clouds. But

HUMANITY IS CLIMBING HIGHER,

and that is why you cannot do homage to the gold monometallists. You can accomplish an apparent victory over truth and even bury it, but after three days there will be a resurrection and an ascension and an eternal enthronement. We are going to win this fight (Applause)—because no question was ever settled till it was settled right. We are going to win it because to continue to make gold more oppresive, and still believe in the will of God Almighty, we have got to repeal three of the commandments—"Thou shalt not lie," "Thou shalt not steal," and another greater and grander than all of these, "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thy self." And this world in its onward progress grows better.

Never in all the world's history was there a greater struggle than that between Truth and Error; but when you next look you do not find humanity down, but marching forward.

Now, my friends of the south, including agriculturalists, we suffer up north as you do here, because something seems to be universally wrong.

You are raising cotton here in competition with nations which receive a bonus of 100 per cent for producing it. That is the system which is against you and which has confronted you for the past few years. If I do not make this proposition plain, I hope you will question me till you see it. If I fail to make it appreciative and some better legislator does not make it plain, I will take the other side of this controversy and see if I have been in error.

I want to ask you what you got for your cotton last year?

[Several persons answered: "4½ to 5 cents."]

What made the price so low? What reason did you year advanced for the decline in price?

[A voice: "Overproduction."]

What do you get for cotton now?

[Answers: "7⅜ cents."]

Have you raised any cotton since last year? (Laughter.)

You have not made a crop since then have you? Overproduction!

All the wheat was to be had last year at from 18 to 35 cents in the State of Washington, 40 cents in the west and 45 cents in Pennsylvania. What is it now? Is was an enormous crop of wheat. Overproduction! They would make you believe, if they could, that you had gathered

THREE CROPS A WEEK

for the whole year. Overproduction! As a matter of fact, I want to say, standing here in this southland, that whenever they seek to control the products of honest labor by depressing prices, when they put the sickle in ten thousand fields in which they have not sown and snatch their wealth from youthful hands and from the hands of all ages and try to control it, they cry "overproduction."

We produced less cotton in 1893 than in 1883—not much less, but LESS. This statement is based on figures of authority—the figures of J.W. Labouisse, president of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange. You produced four hundred thousand less bales of cotton in 1893 than in 1883; still less in 1894, and yet in 1894 you got little more than half the price you got in 1891, when you got 10 cents for export prices, against 8 cents export prices for 1893. The production of cotton the world over has only held its level at best, yet the price has suffered diminution year after year. Cotton and wheat have both gone up a little now and then, but not until after the speculators owned these products and the farmers had parted with them.

Now and then we hear of and see some evidence (?) of "good times returning." I think the silver cranks who have agitated and who keep urging this question are a responsible factor for this evidence. The speculators and gold monometallists did not intend to offer this evidence of good times so soon. It was their purpose to keep the country on the rack till some time near the election of 1896. Then a few political manufacturing concerns would have advanced wages a little. Other concerns would have been compelled to follow suit or have strikes and lockouts, and then there would have been "evidence of good times," and there would have been a temporary period of improvement. But they have been compelled to make this evidence one year earlier than they expected. This spread of silver sentiment that threatens to sweep away party lines and all the old politicians of twenty-five years, has scared those fellows. They said, "We must let up." We forced their hands a little early. They have been playing this game with marked cards and a stacked pack, until Cleveland threw aside his disguise and proposed openly to destroy silver and greenbacks and treasury notes, and put gold bonds in their place. The restoration of "better times" is due to this silver agitation.

We are no longer afraid of these goldbugs. But in every community is every kind I described before, and I had rather be wrong here on this question and see the good times continue, than see what I fear will come in life. I have no pride, no love of party, no personal account or honor that I want to sacrifice for party. I had rather be wrong and see the truth prevail, and we think we are right. We have the letter of the law, and all the logic and morals there are in this proposition on our side and we can win our case with that.

If we are wrong we will be licked, if we are right you, my goldbug friends, can't defeat us.

In Liverpool you meet in competition with India and Russia, Egypt and the Argentine Republic. You get five cents in gold for your cotton, and it is just five cents in this country's goods. The Egyptian takes the gold five cents home and gets ten cents in purchasing and debt paying money. He has five cents which goes toward liquidating his debt and has five cents to pay for the cost of production. Wheat and cotton are the staple products of the world. America and Argentine Republic get the same price for their wheat in gold, say one dollar. In Argentine gold is at a premium of $2.51 in the money of that country. And so that dollar buys 251 cents worth of goods, and has $2.51 of debt paying power. It doesn't take the Argentinian one kernel more of wheat to buy the dollar than it does the American. The fact is, my friends, gold is at a premium today and has been for years. We get all the curses and they get all the blessings of monometallism.

We are told by Mr. Carlisle and friends that gold will appreciate in value if silver be recognized as money, and that our gold will be exported. Well, suppose so. Where would it go? To other countries, of course, and according to our monometallic friends it would go out because it would be worth more than silver and all the silver would come to us. Well let this be so if it can be so. Do we not market our surplus products in those countries, and would we not

GET THE SAME AMOUNT

for them there that we would get here? Remember now that if our surplus produce is marketed there we would get pay in gold. By getting this gold we have doubled the value of our wheat, corn, beef and exportable commodities, for according to Mr. Carlisle the gold dollar which we would get there is worth two dollars here.

Pillsbury, the biggest miller in the world, commenting on Cleveland's issuing bonds, said: "I admire him for his lofty patriotism, for that vast courage that dares to do. It has kept the country from going to a silver basis, and if this happened wheat would

GO UP TO A DOLLAR A BUSHEL."

This man admires Mr. Cleveland for selling the bonds of the government at 1.04¼ by a secret deal, when they were selling for 1.18½ on the open market, and are selling today for 1.24. If that had not been done, we would have been on a silver basis and wheat would have been worth a dollar a bushel because it is worth more than that now on a silver basis. Wheat in the west was worth from 18 to 25 cents just at the time Cleveland

FEARED THAT CURRENCY WOULD DEPRECIATE

in the hands of the holder. Twenty-five cents for your wheat last year! Now, then don't you see it required four bushels of wheat to buy a dollar in money. The President was afraid that a *four* bushel dollar would become a *two* bushel dollar.

The only way for a dollar to depreciate is for prices to go up, and the President was afraid that prices would go up. He ought to have said "I am afraid the prices of products in the hands of the producer will rise."

Afraid prices will rise! Are you alarmed?

CAN YOU STAND TEN CENT COTTON?

Mr. Carlisle stated at Memphis that, though prices were lower, products of the farm would buy as much or more to-day than in 1873. How many of

[Continued on 3rd page.]

It is a constant round of care and toil from which there is no escape. How essential, then, are health and strength, and yet with how many women these are altogether lacking. They are tired all day and unable to sleep at night. In this condition the system will soon break down.

Restore the Strength,

overcome that tired feeling, build up the system by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late. This great medicine is exactly what overworked women need. It makes pure, rich blood, creates an appetite, gives strength to the nerves.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. All druggists. 25c.

Our New Leader,

$1.45.

Last year's demand for our Leader was so large that we were unable to manufacture them as fast as they were ordered. This year we have one mammoth factory that manufactures nothing but this line, and we are making this boot in such immense quantities that we are able to produce a much better boot.

We have many new improvements in this line: first, it is made of heavy genuine Dongola, solid leather sole and inner sole; second, it has a leather sock lining, which no other but a high-priced boot has; third, it has a back-stay; fourth, as much care is taken in selecting this stock, and in making, as in our higher-priced goods; fifth, we not only warrant but we guarantee every line to be just as represented. The above cut is an exact copy of the boot itself.

Our New Leader Ladies' Dongola Button; styles, Plain Opera Toe, Plain Common-Sense Toe, Opera Toe Patent Tip; widths, D, E, and EE; sizes, 2½ to 8.

Our New Leader Ladies' Dongola Front Lace, Opera Toe Patent Tip; widths, D, E, and EE; sizes, 2½ to 8.

Our New Leader Ladies' Dongola Button, Spring Heel, Common-Sense Last; Patent Tip; widths, D, E, and EE; sizes, 2½ to 6.

Any of the above-described shoes sent on receipt of **$1.45**, all postage paid by us. Send for complete illustrated catalogue of all grades of boots and shoes—free. Please mention this paper.

POSTAL SHOE CO.,
Box 2657. Boston, Mass.

THE CAUCASIAN.
Raleigh, N. C., August 22, 1895.

WAKE COUNTY.

MR. W. R. HENRY'S "Farewell Address" to the Democratic Party in the next issue. It is Red Hot, but Dignified and Unanswerable. Don't Fail to Get It.

Do You Want to Sell Your Tobacco?

We call attention of the tobacco planters to the advertisement of Messrs. Cooper, Crews. Berger Co., proprietors of Stonewall Warehouse, Richmond, Va. Mr. L. E. Cooper, formerly of Oxford, N. C., E. H. Crews, formerly of Granville Co., N. C., both have had long experience in handling the finest tobacco, and Mr. S. S. Berger well known to all the tobacco planters compose the company. This is the leading warehouse in the city of Richmond. Richmond is headquarters for tobacco. Try this house with a shipment when they are bidding for your trade.

Tobacco at Kinston.

Kinston is become a lively tobacco market. The business was formally begun there on the 15th inst. Fifteen thousand pounds were sold for from three to forty-two dollars per hundred. Two small lots were sold, for from twenty to one hundred dollars. The sales averaged ten dollars.

Within a scope of ten miles around Kinston there are over one thousand acres planted in tobacco this year, and this will be largely increased next season.

$100. REWARD, $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c

A HOUSEHOLD TREASURE.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house, and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Rockhill, N. Y., says, that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used in his family for eight years, and has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at J. R. Smith's Mt. Olive, N. C.; J. R. Hall & Son, Goldsboro, N. C.; R. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. For sale by all druggists in Raleigh.

DID YOU EVER

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle and add get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at J. R. Smith's, Mt. Olive, N. C.; J. H. Hill & Son, Goldsboro, N. C.; R. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C., and all druggists in Raleigh.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. R. Smith, Mt. Olive, N. C., J. H. Hill & Son, Goldsboro, N. C., R. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C., and all Druggists.

Did You Ever Think

that you cannot be well unless you are pure, rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down, it is because your blood is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth, the great blood purifier.

Hood's PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

A Good Business College.

The Southern Business College at Asheville, N. C., the mountain city, is now one of the well established schools of which our State can well be proud. There is now no more need for our young men to go to other States for a business education than for a University or College education. It is fast becoming the Poughkeepsie of the New South, has already had students from 11 States and its graduates are filling responsible positions.

Adjust Family Differences.

Bad temper is often merely bad digestion.

Many quarrels attributed to perverse dispositions are due to disordered livers.

Ripans Tabules adjust family differences, and would prevent them, which is better, if taken in time.

Ripans Tabules, taken after meals, morning and evening, for a while, regulate the system and sweeten the temper.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained through your nearest druggist. Price 50 cents a box

Have you seen our working offer? The CAUCASIAN sent three months for ten cents in clubs of TEN NEW names. Let every reformer see that a list is made up for his community quick.

SILVER RALLY AT CONCORD.

[Continued From First Page.]

doesn't pay them in silver because he is a hireling of the goldbugs. I charge it here, and I'll charge it on the floor of the United States Senate if he sends down his army after me for saying it.

"If you had an honest man for President he could make times easier in ten days—in calling Congress together to furnish relief. It is not enough to send honest men to Congress. We will never see better times till we drive traitors out of the White House and get an honest, free silver man for President."

All who would vote for a man for President in favor of free silver and financial reform, "no matter what label he had on," were asked to make a "show of hands," and every hand went up.

Senator Butler was asked to speak on "State issues," but was too shrewd to go off on that tack. He said he could say all he had to say on that subject in two minutes. All the mistakes by all the legislatures since the war have not hurt the people like Cleveland's last bond issue. "After you get elections regulated and fair, like we've got them now, there is not much to do in State issues. All the good laws passed by a State wouldn't help half as much as to have an honest man in the White House.

"I say the last legislature came nearer to standing by the people and carrying out its pledges than any other legislature, save the Alliance legislature of '91. The State has cause to be proud of it. It showed the purpose of honest men to keep their promises."

Mr. Butler was asked a number of questions after his speech. One was: "If the Democratic party would nominate a silver man for President, would you vote for him?" The reply was: "Not if he opposed the income tax or the repeal of the national banking system."

In concluding, he said: "Let the Populists show patriotism before partisanship, and appeal to the rest of the country to do so. Set our guns against the gold power and we will sweep the country. Don't let the Populist party get before your eyes and keep you from getting others to join with you for reform."

MR. BUTLER ON THE SILVER CONFERENCE.

Mr. Butler said, after the speaking, that he favored the realignment of free silver men of all parties into a new party on that issue. The Populists would not stickle as to a name. The name, "The American party," might be agreed upon as a compromise.

Asked as to the silver conference of Senators Harris, Turpie and Jones, of Arkansas, in Washington today, he said: "I understand that the men who are engineering the silver conference in Washington have said that they will stay in the Democratic party, even if it nominated a goldbug for President. If this is true, then they are not honest free silver men, but, on the other hand, are the most valuable and effective agents of the goldbugs, for they can get silver men to vote the goldbug ticket that all the goldbug men in the country cannot persuade to do so."

Jake Boger, a negro Pop., led the procession up from the depot, on a bicycle as far as his (Boger's) shop.

Mr. E. J. Watson, of the Columbia State, reported the speeches for his paper. He is a bright and hustling young journalist.

In the next issue we will give our readers a report of Senator Tillman's speech at the Concord meeting.

AN EXCITING EPISODE IN WINSTON.

Negroes Form a Mob to Prevent an Imaginary Lynching—Shots are Fired and Men are Hit—Prompt Action and a Gatling Gun Bring Peace.

The City of Winston had something of a sensation Sunday of last week. Arthur Tuttle, a negro, who killed Policeman M. M. Vickers some months ago was in jail. In some unaccountable way a rumor got out that a number of white men were going to storm the jail, take Tuttle and lynch him. The negroes became excited and about nine o'clock began to congregate around the jail with an idea that they must protect Tuttle.

Mayor Gray was notified and about 10:30 came to the jail and remonstrated with the mob, as did also Sheriff McArthur and Messrs. Watson & Buxton. Judge Brown was also called upon the scene and addressed those about the jail. The efforts of these gentlemen proved ineffective towards dispersing the mob. Such gangs are generally void of common sense and reason. As a compromise, some, apparently leaders, agreed to retire if a guard was placed about the jail. The proposition was accepted by Judge Brown, and then the mob was given a limited time to withdraw. The latter they failed to do and the Forsyth Riflemen and an organized body of deputies were called out. The negroes thronged the streets in front, northand in the rear of the jail The Riflemen were ordered up Main street and the deputies to Church street. As the advance was made, the mob fired and scattered, some dodging behind houses, trees and fences while others beat an effectual retreat. The shots were returned by the Riflemen and deputies in quick succession. Several of the officers were slightly wounded with small shot. None seriously. If any of the mob were injured, it is impossible to learn of the fact. The command was to shoot to hit.

At about 4 o'clock a. m., quiet was restored, the mob had disappeared and the Riflemen and deputies were withdrawn.

On Monday morning the Winston board of aldermen requested the Mayor of Charlotte to lend them a Gatling gun with a man to operate it. The request was complied with, and the gun arrived on Monday night amid considerable excitement

This positive and prompt action restored permanent quiet. Then the officers went to work making arrests. Forty negroes are on trial, variously charged with carrying concealed weapons and partiicipating in an unlawful assembly. Warrants for the arrest of about seventy-five in all have been issued. One negro has already been convicted of carrying concealed weapons.

Tuttle, the negro who was the cause of the trouble, has been convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary.

BIG RAILROAD DEAL.

The North Carolina Road Secretly Leased by the Directors—Large State Interests Disposed of for Ninety-Nine Years—Who is "Blow-Your-Horn-Billy?"

On September 11, 1871, the North Carolina railroad was leased to the Richmond and Danville company for a period of thirty years. The negotiations for the deal were conducted by a man popularly known as "Blow-Your-Horn-Billy" Smith, and the bargain in general was a subject of much suspicious comment.

About seven years ago, twelve years before the expiration of the lease, the Richmond and Danville company made some proposition looking to securing an extension of the lease at that time. A cry of dissension was raised all over the State and the directors in charge at that time dropped the matter.

Very recently, six years before the expiration of the old lease the Southern Railroad, which is the same as the R. and D. under a new name and organization, again broached the matter of renewing the lease. When this became known, there was considerable discussion of the matter by both the press and people; and the general sentiment was against a renewal at this time.

The right of the public to discuss this matter rests on the fact that the State owns $2,700,000 of the stock of the road. Something over one million dollars is owned by private stockholders. Therefore in any matter in which the holders of stock should have a voice, the people of the State have interests and rights.

But little time was given for discussion, however, between the opening up of the question and the close of a bargain. It was naturally thought that any proposition which came before the directors would at least be made public and that public opinion would be allowed to take some shape on the subject. But this was not done. It was known that a meeting of the directors would be held at Burlington on August 16th at which the matter would be discussed; but the possibility of making a deal was not thought of, much less the probability, until about three days before the meeting when one of the directors was interviewed and it got out that the lease would be renewed then.

The press at once expressed opposition to such such a course. The State Farmers' Alliance passed resolutions against it which are published elsewhere in this paper; but all to no effect. The lease was made and on these terms.

For the six years of the unexpired lease the Southern Railway is to pay 6½ per cent on the stock of the road, and for ninety-three years 7 per cent. The lease is for a period of ninety-nine years, which practically amounts to a sale. The Southern Railway is to pay all the taxes and surrender all exemptions from taxation, but this surrender is not to be effective until next December.

Is this a good bargain? Lets see. The North Carolina Railroad is 223 miles long. Any railroad man knows that it is one of the best paying lines in the South. By the terms of the contract the Southern Railway Company will pay about $1,255 per mile for it—a total of $280,000 a year. The Southern and another road leases the Western and Atlantic railroad in Georgia, 131 miles long for $420,000 per annum. The Southern road pays a rental of $1,750 per mile per year for the Air-Line from Charlotte to Atlanta.

These are some figures by which camparisons can be made.

Aside from whether the deal is good or not, the manner in which it was made is nefarious. It was a secret deal. The terms of the contract were not made known until the deal was consummated. In principle, it is very much like Cleveland's secret bond deal with the Jew syndicate. It is a disposal of the public's interest without the public's consent. No road except the Southern was given a chance to bid for it, and at one time it was reported that another road would like to make a bid. The deal was closed at 10 o'clock at night, and the Cleveland-Jew transaction has its parallel in secret-railway deal in North Carolina.

The Jews drove a hard bargain with Cleveland. That is their business. The Southern has driven a bargain of some kind with the directors. That is the Southern's business. All criticism or odium that should come from either action rests not on the bargain-drivers, but on those to whom the public interests have been trusted for permitting the bargain.

More than one man has already asked who the "Blow-Your-Horn Billy" is in this last deal.

A question has already been raised as to whether the deal can be nullified or not, and investigations are being made to ascertain if it is possible to set it aside.

SIBLEY WILL GO TO KENTUCKY.

Butler is Also Expected—The Democratic Nominee for Lieutenant Governor Goes to the Goldbugs—People's Party Gaining.

Special to the Caucasian]

LOUISVILLE KY, Aug. 22.—Congressman Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania is coming to help us in the fight. He makes his speech at Lexington on the 17th. He will draw big crowds. We are also expecting Senator Butler of North Carolina, and other prominent speakers from other States.

Hon. Thomas Pettit, the People's Party nominee for Governor will begin his campaign on September 9th.

Hon. R. T. Tyler the candidate for Lieutenant Governor on the Democratic ticket has come square out for the gold standard. He was nominated as a free silver man, but everybody knew that he had sacrificed his convictions when he agreed to run on a gold platform. The People's Party is gaining daily. Strong men are being nominated for the legislature in every county.

The following is a copy of a letter received at the State Library last week from one of the Democratic candidates for the Legislature;

Hazel, Ky., Aug. 14 1895.—Frank Kavanaugh, Frankford, Ky.—My Dear Sir: Will you be so kind as to get for me a copy of the "Acts of Some Populist Legislature," and advise me as to any expense you may incur, and I will repay you. Very respectfully,

P. S.—I have a Populist opponent, and Populism is getting pretty strong. I would prefer the session "Acts" of the Kansas Populist legislature.

[We suggest that some Douglassass Democrat send him a copy of the acts of the last legislature of North Carolina. And if some one will also send him the Democratic History of that legislature he will be so disgusted with his party that the Populist will have an easy fight to beat him.—ED.]

Tired women need to have their blood purified and enriched by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will give them strength and health.

Sibley and Silver.

[Continued from third page.]

you farmers have prospered in basket and store since we have been on a gold basis? How many have seen the lines of care raised as the wife grows older? You know whether you are better off with ten or fifteen cent cotton? Is some financial (?) cuckoo who never knew enough about his own business to accumulate a dollar and who is trying to run this government in debt going to teach you? I want to tell Mr. Carlisle that the producers of this couutry could pay his salary with

40,000 POUNDS OF COTTON

in 1873. Now then if the products of the farm will buy as much or more of everything to-day than in 1873, this amount of cotton ought to buy as much of Mr. Carlisle's services as it would in 1873. But it will take

160,000 POUNDS OF COTTON

to-day to pay the same salary that 40,000 pounds paid in 1873. Mr. Carlisle, that is one thing that the products of the farm will not buy as much of to-day as it would buy before the crime of 1873—your salary.

Ten thousand bushels of wheat would pay the salary of Abraham Lincoln as President, but last year it took about one hundred thousand bushels of wheat to pay the salary of President Cleveland.

"That man (Carlisle) can reason from false premises like an archangel. He told the people of Memphis that, happily in this country, there is no debtor class.

Just read the history of

FARM AND HOME MORTGAGES

and foreclosures if you want to find out whether this is a debtor nation or not; and then see if their interest is in keeping up the value of money. He went to Bowling Green the next day and warned the debtor class to be careful how they alarmed the creditor class. If this creditor class became alarmed they might shut down on them and destroy them. Oh, my friends, this is the man in your exalted office who can't be consistent for more than 24 hours at a time. God Almighty help him. [Applause.]

Joe Blackburn, of Kentucky, is helping to divide the Democracy and to destroy those of his own household by schism and division rather than trying to unite them and wed them together for a common cause.

Mr. Cleveland once had a horror of public officers taking an active interest in partisan politics and he has turned out several men on that charge. All is changed now.

Mr. Eckels is out speaking and some church men are out. Hoax Smith is out and all the other "hoax" of the country. Every one of the secretaries is out on a junketing tour at your expense. The secretary of the navy is on a trip to a fashionable resort on a government boat. They are flying high and when enjoying this they are talking about the nation's money—the enormous debts &c. They want to make you believe that a

DOLLAR IS BIGGER THAN MAN.

Man created it to be his slave and to minister to his comfort and to his pleasure. They have made it a hard round yellow God and announce to you, its creator, to fall down and worship it; and if you belong to the Democratic household and do not worship, the furnaces are

BEING HEATED FOR YOU.

Go about this Dead Sea of monometallism and you will find no fruit on its shores that does not turn to dust and ashes in the mouth of the eater, and you go along the shore and watch its waves as they play over it, and there is not a wave of brotherhood or Christian sympathy in its waters.

With all these facts let me call your attention to two or three things. I quote from Mathew Marshal the great financial writer of the New York Sun who advocates gold monometalism. He says: "Remember the philanthropic women have petitioned the legislature to do something for the relief of the hundred thousand women in New York who work for forty cents a day. These ladies should know that in China and Japan, where prices of products are no higher than here, many women work for ten cents a day. "That idea is a fruit of monometallism. The great goldbug Edward Atkiuson, who knows more things that ain't so than any other man in the country, and whose talent and shrewdness have ever been in the employ of the goldbugs says he has discovered a chemical compound by which man can live on ten cents a day. That is the way they would have us live under the gold standard.

A great Chicago banker made a speech three or four months ago to a bankers meeting on "free silver." The addresses of bankers on this question are not made very public especially when the address is to bankers. I was asked after I had read it what I thought about it. I replied that I would gladly pay for one

HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

of it if they would print and distribute it. But this was just what they did not want. They don't want the people to know the truth. He replied: We bankers must have no politicaly affiliations. We must

ACT AS ONE MAN

Represen'ing as we do the busiuess interests, we must *control*; and though you complain of falling prices, I want to show you the truth. This decline in prices must come; you cannot avoid it. For sickness and death must come to the strongest constitutions"

Yes, this is the reason they would offer for the existence of national evils and disasters. Edward Atkinson has discovered that life can be maintained at ten cents a day on a chemical compound; so I should not complain any more." Living on "chemical compounds at ten cents a day, and sickness and death come alike, to the strongest constitutions! A glorious explanation of the perpetuation of monometallism!!

Mr. Cleveland says the masses must be educated on this question. I know that the wealth of a nation declares for educational institutions that shall reach the *true facts*. I know that the money of the corporations is stocking universities with their teachers of political economy. But there is abroad in the land a sterner school master than ever walked up and down in the earth. The logic that he teaches is working in the minds of the youths of the land. The science and literature that he teaches may not be complete in all their forms and links, but it is irresistible logic. It is that logic that comes FROM THE EMPTY POCKET and empty stomach and will not be denied. That is political economy; and when you come to that point, you can realize how high the sun of human ills have been heaped. We must control the destiny of this nation. The people will not bow down and worship the golden immage. We can win this fight. We can win it easily. If we do not win it in '96 we will never win it. They tell us that this fight is being waged in behalf of the silver mine owners. If I consulted money interests, my selfish interest and desires would be on the other side of this proposition. We have got to win this fight. Poverty and degradation are confronting our people and knocking at the doors of their homes. We have got to be brought face to face with them. We have got to win this fight or the wheels of the world must turn backward as they have before. They were turned back once and literature and science perished, and for centuries the shadow of barbarism fell upon man. Civilization was in suspense and we had the dark ages of history, as the effect of the contraction of the medium of exchange used by the people. To prevent a recurrence of these evils we have announced a platform which we call the "New Declaration of Independence." On this we must unite our forces, join issues with the enemy and settle the question. I know it is dangerous to assume the role of a prophet, but if you will read my speech of two years ago you may find something of interest. I then said:

"My friends, I want to make you a little prediction right here, and let us see who tells you the ttuth, whether it is these people from New York or the friends of free coinage. Oh, I love the New York people! I know them well. It is the State of my nativity. There are grand men and noble women in New York. But I know New York City well, and I know, lying right alongside of New York City, is a place they call Hell Gate, and I think most of you, coming from there, have been through it. [Laughter.] I know our friends from New England, who speak so boldly for the honest dollar, in coming through the Sound, have come through Hell Gate. [Laughter.]

But I want to tell you, my friends, that we have been getting the financial policy of this nation for twenty years from the gates of hell, but we are not going to accept such dictum any longer. [Applause.] Why, did you ever stop to think that when the wise men started out to seek the Savior of mankind, the Light of the World, in what direction they traveled? Did they go to the East to look for the light? No; they left the East and came to the West for the source and fountain of all light and truth. [Laughter and applause.]

When Columbus embarked, in which direction did he steer to find a nobler, better, and happier land? Did he turn to the East! No! Misery, woe, monarchs, oppression, crime, and crowns were in the East. He headed his course westward; and so, my friends, to-day you will never find a financial savior who comes up through Hell Gate. [Laughter.] On the rock of justice we have founded our faith, and the gates of hell shall not prevail against us. [Laughter.]

We see it clearly now. We did not see it at the beginning as we do now. But the money buyers and spectators in the East and great centres of the West in this nation and of other nations are seeking to control the basis of civilization. They want to control the laborers and wealth producers of all continents. In our own land their design is to issue 500,000,000 of gold bearing bonds. When you go home, get your dictionary and see what a bond is. Yes they would betray the people of this country into bondage and then by terms of law the present bonds would become payable in gold. The present bonds added to the 500,000,000 millions which they propose to issue would fasten a mortgage debt on this country of $1,300,000,000. Not in a life time could you pay this debt. It would hang over you as an ever present burden. Your children nor your children's children could pay it. The Rosthchilds who own many millions of our bonds now, own one half of all the gold of the world, which amounts to less than $4,000,000,000. Where would we ever get the gold to discharge this enormous obligation?

It is said that once upon a time the jays and kites assembled and demanded of the eagle that she give up her eyrie on the cliff. The eagle raised her beak and showed her claws and the jays and kites flew screaming away. Now the jays of Wall street and the kites of Lombard street have assembled and they have audaciously demanded of the American eagle that she give up her eyrie; that she surrender to them her proud and elevated position and become subject to all their demands. Oh my friends, if that proud old American bird will just show her beak and sharpen her claws, the jays of hypocrisy and kites of corruption will fly away screaming and chattering before her. The voice of the American people and their actions constitute the American eagle. Shall she surrender to them? Men of America, what will you do?"

If we put ourselves under their yoke, we are our own destroyers. Will the future historian write that here there lived a nation of fools? Will he write that at the request of the creditor they destroyed one-half their redemption money and put a yoke of almost slavery upon their descendants?

Your children's children would rise up in indignation against this generation. If we want to gain this fight, if we want to settle all these great problems on that platform of equal justice which the Alliance inculcates, we must win the battle now.

If not, then the gold standard will be fixed upon us, and then how can we secure emancipation? The final result would be one of two of the greatest evils and disasters which can afflict living mankind—either repudiation or revolution."

Suppose you should have read in the papers this morning that the war vessels of a foreign nation had assembled in our harbors, and that they were going to levy tribute on us. Would we divide into factions, pass resolutions and say that we were going to drive out the foe provided our own faction could do it? No; we would hold a meeting right here and declare that we would fight them and drive them out of our harbors and away from our shores. You Democrat standing there; are you going to say that you will help crush the oppressive powers of plutocracy if it can be done in your party? You free silver Republican; are you going to wait till your crowd brings relief to the people before you will join the effort to bring it. Are my Populist friends determined to wait till the White House doors are high enough and broad enough to take in every thing before they will make a move to crush the incubus of oppression, suffering and disaster?

My friends, you can't win a fight that way. We have nine million votes ready to be cast for the condemnation of this financial evil, but we have them in the lines of three parties. They are looking with suspicious interest, and not love, at each other. Rather than see the opposing party secure the possible advantage, it now seems that they will stay divided and give the enemy a new lease of power and dominion which, after next year, it will be well nigh impossible, if not altogether impossible to break.

India, with her population of 300,000,000, is controlled by an army of 30,000 English soldiers. Why? Because the people of India have no organizations; they are undisciplined and disunited. How? Because the step of each English soldier is the step of the 30,000, each man touching shoulder with his fellow. The purpose and will of one man is the purpose and will of the whole. India groans with the burdens laid upon her by her taskmasters, thousands starve each year, and through creeds and castes dividing the one from the other, they court the yoke of foreign masters and grovel in abjectest misery.

Our numbers will be of no avail if we are divided. A far smaller number than ours can, by unity of purpose, by stepping and marching together defeat us in every contest so long as we are disunited. Our nine million votes, divided into three party factions, can never win against the four million votes of our oppressors.

With all these facts and truths appealing to me, I shall never stoop at the beck of powers, nor on the demand of persons or party, sacrifice my sense of duty to my fellow-man and to my righteous Judge by lending my support to those schemers who would, if they could, corner the cooling zephyrs and the summer shade; who would, were it possible, combine to control God's sunshine and His air; who would form a trust to control the dew and summer showers, and make each dweller upon this footstool pay unholy tribute. My duty is not to those who, if they could get to Heaven, would wish to form a trust to control the waters of the River of Life; who would tear up the golden pavements of the New Jerusalem to coin and hoard in bank coffers to torment the dwellers in Heaven with usurious loans.

I have lost pride in party name and opinion. I do not care what party it is that wins the victory for truth eternal. Many satellites in the shape of other minor problems hover about this great question, and the party that wipes out this great ill will settle many a minor question that now disturbs us. I'll trust the other questions to the party that dares to meet this great enemy, backed by public office, federal patronage and influence, greed and avarice. It will have the courage to overthrow any other evils that may come in our way.

The parties have made us many promises from the great earth to the blue sky; they have broken them all to the heart and the hope.

When the Great Assizes are held and Satan sits in his robes of State; when the genius of all evil shall call from the vasty deep the spirits of the traitors and agents of disaster among mankind, to pass in grand review, there will be among them Judas Iscariot, Benedict Arnold and John Sherman! What shall be their plea? Judas Iscariot will be able to say: 'I had the grace to return to the corruptionists the price of my treachery; I had the grace to expiate my crime by going out and hanging myself,' and others will have a plea of like character, but none can be offered by John Sherman, and all the spirits of evil will give way to him, for his only plea can be the working of disaster to his country, without having followed the example of Judas Iscariot or any one else.

Oh, friends, let us unite.

Will you save the State or save your party? You have been saving the party for twenty years and you wear sackcloth on your loins and ashes on your head. There is not a political position on God's earth that I desire. I have had enough. I would accept one only as I would accept a bayonet on the end of a musket at the call of my country. Show me the man of any party who can most certainly lead the people out of the wilderness, standing boldly to the front in this time of crisis when they tell us they have won a victory over us, when Pharaoh's army is almost upon us, mountains on either side and the waters of the Red Sea in front; the man who hears most clearly the voice, "Go forward" is my leader. And I will follow him, not heeding the curses of the Egyptians nor the waters of the sea, but will listen to the sweet voice of Miriam singing the song of Israel.

[At the close of Mr. Sibley's speech three cheers were proposed for him and they were given with genuine enthusiasm and thunderous volume. Afterwards the people crowded around the stand to express thanks to the speaker and to grasp his hand.]

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Sibley and Silver.

[Continued from first page.]

with gold instead of bayonets. May God bring us together that we may drive the gold tories and British shylocks from our great land."

Mr. Butler's speech was received with long and enthusiastic applause.

Dinner was ready, and the next hour was spent in dealing with it in a summary way.

MR. SIBLEY'S SPEECH.

After dinner the people thronged to the stand to hear the address of Mr. J. C. Sibley, who was the chief speaker of the day.

He was introduced to the assemblage by Senator Marion Butler. Among those to whom he spoke were persons of every shade of political opinion. Mr. Sibley's very appearance commends him to any person or audience he may face. He has a frank, open countenance from which beams sincerity, honesty and philanthropy. His forehead is high and broad and denotes the reign of intellect, while a mild, gray eye tells of a kindly and generous spirit which guides and controls the man. After a few preliminary remarks by way of acknowledging the kindly references made to himself by Senator Butler, Mr. Sibley said:

I am one of those politicial missionaries who are come to try to educate the people. President Cleveland has said that the people only needed education to persuade them to shake off the follies of free silver, and our anti-free silver friends who have sought to educate the people without educating them have been kind enough to designate us as advocates of "insane" vagaries.

On going through the country and viewing the faces of the audiences before whom I have stood I have often wondered if it were not possible for the

PRESIDENT TO BE MISTAKEN.

And if the facts are in accordance with the evidence as it appears, we may well afford to say that a majority of the "insane" people are outside of the insane asylums. I am pleased to stand in the old North State where the

THE FIRST DECLARATION OF HUMAN FREEDOM

was made on this continent. Over in Nashville Tennsssee is the tomb of Andrew Jackson, who is doubtless a product of the Old North State. South Carolina may make her claims to the honor of having given him birth, but very near to this State, if not within it—somewhere on the border line—somewhere in this immortalized land is the source from which comes the power and source of pure Democracy. It seems to me that speeches and papers should not be necessary to a more extended spread of the silver sentiment and I do not believe they are. I think you have already shown that you understand the importance of the situation and have already reasoned up to it.

This silver question, as it is known, and those who advocate it come to you with no new problem of government. We ask the people of this nation to make no

UNTRIED EXPERIMENT

nor to enter into any wilderness of darkness nor to plunge into the depths of any fathomless sea, but to come to the prosperous harbors of commerce and the safe shores of wealth.

For two years the ship of state has been pounding against the rocky headlands of Buzzard's Bay; bumping her nose into Hog Island, and stranding at intervals in the shallow, dirty waters of Muddy Bay—not a safe harbor of refuge on all that coast nor one fairly good trading port on all their shores—drifting in the breakers and the shallows, with the deep blue sea of safety, the favoring winds and the harbors of commerce but a league to the windward. [Applause.]

The time has come to leave the tortuous, dangerous channels, the unexplored, unsounded and unknown waters, and to hold her course in a track whose channels and currents have all been marked; where beacon lights by night and monuments by day so plainly tell the way in which, sailing for eighty years, she has beaten on no rock, stranded on no bar, beset by no breakers on a lee shore, and touched the grandest ports on the coast of prosperity.

It is to return to this and get the old ship of State afloat that I and many others are at work.

The trouble is, my friend, that your uncle Samuel and mine owned a team of horses which yoked to his gig, regularly carried him pleasantly and safely along. One dark night a crowd of thieves raided the stall and after getting possession of one of these animals fled with him. We have located the missing animal and by this we have located the thieves and knew where to go to get at them. When they were caught and Uncle Sam demanded of them a restoration of the property they said the horse would not pull the buggy but pitch you over into the mud and run away and smash the whole concern. When we had him we drove him every day and

HE DID BEAUTIFULLY,

and we never had any such experience with him as the thieves said he would create.

We want back that of which the American people have been defrauded. We ask not reparation for but the correction and undoing of a great crime—a crime that was committed

UNDER COVER OF DARKNESS.

In the Horr-Harvey debate at Chicago one thing was fixed as firmly as it was solid. That is, the bill that passed congress demonetizing silver went through both houses without a general knowledge of what it contained or meant. That bill as passed by both houses of congress went to the committee on the second reading and when that bill come back,

BUT TWO MEN

on the North American continent knew of the crime perpetrated. You cannot read the Horr-Harvey debate in any of the goldbug papers—they started it with blare of trumpets—they had picked out a great champion in their cause and he was going to overwhelm the little school master with confusion, shame and disgrace. The first day's debate was published. The second day's debate was published. The third day's debate was criticised. But after the third day neither love nor money could induce the goldbug papers to publish the proceedings. They were afraid the people would

SEE THE TRUTH

and seeing, recognize and embrace it.

The cause at trial is that of credit or versus debtor; humanity versus selfishness; truth versus error—a free government such as our fathers designed to found versus the rule of an organized plutocracy. Every great statesman and political economist of the last three hundred years has laid down as a political axiom that the values of property are determined by the volume of money proportionate to the volume of trade transactions. I base this assertion on the declarations of many great thinkers upon this topic from the days of John Locke and Adam Smith down to the present moment, which briefly condensed, may be summarized as follows:

1. Double the volume of money and you double prices.
2. Divide the volume of money and you divide prices.
3. Double the volume of money and you divide debts.
4. Divide the volume of money and you double debts.

Now then perhaps you can understand why these conditions confront us and are so strained. We have divided the money and the debts have been heaped doubly high on the

BACKS OF THE DEBTOR.

The whole measure of value has rested on these two metals—gold and silver. The values of the world, amounting to $450,000,000 rest like a pyramid on these narrow foundations. Now then divide this basis; that is to say, take away one of the foundations—remove half of the basis and by mathematical law familiar to you all, it is clear that the pyramid of wealth will not be sustained and upheld as firmly and safely as it rested on the former basis, and therefore the pyramid of wealth must be dwarfed and shrivaled to accommodate itself to that narrow base.

There has been a decline in all human industries, and so in the industries of manufacturing in every country you may safely believe and know that the foundation of values has been partially destroyed. I think there is not a gold man here that will make a prediction when the time will come when this decrease in the price of all products will cease.

Twenty-five years ago about thirty millions of people were on a single gold standard and the volume of gold now is but slightly increased over what it was then. Today the thirty millions are three hundred and sixty million people and all this vast multitude, a seeking to place themselves on a gold basis, have caused a

STRUGGLE FOR THAT METAL

which has been fierce and disastrous. Debtor nation after debtor nation has been bidding for the gold of the world, willing to give up all their products for the small volume of that metal.

Is this nation willing to give up the burden of human industry for the interest that gold demands? Shall we allow any nation to dictate to us and tell us that we must do it? I tell you, you may come to the conditions which prevailed at one time in old England. You

CAN ENSLAVE ANY NATION

on the globe if you will impoverish them sufficiently. Turn to the second volume of Green's History of the English people, and you will read how they were held as slaves by the Lords of the manor. Take from the farmer and laborer their right to ownership in the lands, and if they still till the soil, nearly all the products of their toil, the fruits of their labor must go to the land owner as interest, and when this oppressive system causes the producer of wealth to cry out—to protest—to condemn this system of starving human life, he is driven away and becomes a vagabond in search of food.

As was indicated on this platform this morning concerning prices, what avails it for you to know that food is cheap when you

HAVE NO MONEY

to purchase with.

At a time when beef could be bought for two shillings a head and wheat was three pence a bushel, more people starved to death in England than ever before or since.

While we mouth the prayer, "Give us this day or daily bread," and then find that we have asked of a Divine Father that of which he has already given us too much, against that prayer we hear from men on earth the cry of "overproduction." And such a condition confronts the American people today. Too much wheat! More people starved to death last year than at any time in our history.

YET WE HAD "OVERPRODUCTION."

Cotton was never so low, and yet there were more rags lining our beaten paths than ever before known. People went hungry—in rags and tatters—because they could not buy sufficient of the staff of life nor the covering made from that cotton.

There are some nations that are short on these articles, and though they want them they do not buy from us. Then my goldbug friends, tell us when this condition will cease.

I saw it quoted in yesterday's New York paper that the "gold reserve"

WAS BEING DRAWN UPON

to pay obligations abroad—to pay interest on bonds which are held by those who produce not, but who wring from those who do produce, the tribute to gold bond interest. This and other causes for drawing on the reserve will continue from time to time, until the reserve shall go below the "customary" amount. Then will there be another cry of "lack of confidence" in the ability of the government to meet it obligations; and in view of these obligations upon the people, more of the same nature will be put upon them in the interest of and maintenance for this gold standard. We have had it now in operation for more than two years; set on us by those from whom we had a right to expect broader and better and more humane civilizing policies.

I have my doubts Senator (addressing Mr. Butler) if any man that you have ever seen gathered grapes from thorns or figs from thistles. Arthur Pue Gorman said at Saratoga this week that he favored the issue of more bonds. And yet I see some southerners advocate him for President, and these are free silver men, too. Rather expect to gather grapes from thorns and figs from thistles than to expect

TO GET WHAT YOU WANT

by electing a candidate who holds different views and different principles from your own. The trouble today in this nation comes from those who do not hold consistency in conscientious conviction as a true factor in politics.

In a speech in Congress August 18th, two years ago, I spoke of the terrible ravages of the chinch-bug and other bugs among the farmers.

You of the south have had the cotton bug. You of the west have had the chinch bug. We of the north have had the potato bug, and scattered around promiscuously has been the bedbug; but indigenous to Lombard and Wall streets, thrives and fattens another bug. They even break their way into the capitol at times, and these bugs—goldbugs—have bitten and annoyed more people than all the bedbug tribe, and their ravages in your fertile fields exceed in damage in a single year the damage wrought by the combined efforts of all other bugs for a century. We have found antidotes for all of them, including the goldbug. But the bug I am most afraid of now

IS THE STRADDLE BUG,

who is on one side one day and on the other the next. The politician is the political tumble bug—the straddle bug that will buzz for silver or for gold accordingly as either will advance his personal political ends and aspirations.

You are not going to get reform from these parties, my friends, and you can't point me to one reform that ever started with the politicians and worked down through the masses. It starts through the honest hearts of the masses and the politicians bow their heads before it. (Applause.) Reform my friends did not start among these people. Reform started from the earth. These people are not going to assist you out of this delimma.

I read, the other day, an interview with a United States Senator—a southerner—whom I always believed to be a good friend of silver. He had said so because the people of his State had been impoverished and almost enslaved by the grinding gold standard system. He had spoken words of truth for the people on this question and had done so constantly. He declared that free silver and financial reform were living issues of his (the Democratic) party; and he said: I would like to see silver restored to its rightful place, if it could be accomplished in the Democratic ranks. But if not, he said,

I AM STILL A DEMOCRAT.

Now if you have among you here a Democrat who is proud of that principle, hold him up and let us people see what manner of man he is and what he looks like. (Applause.) You some-

[Continued on 2nd page.]

WHAT WAS AND WHAT IS.

Only $1,600,000,000 in Existence --But Banks Have $4,800,-000,000 on Deposit.

BONDS ARE NOT TAXABLE.

The Destructive Methods are Continued--Despite the Ringing Alarm of the United States Commission--Which was Appointed to Ascertain the Cause of Depression.

Just after the war there was plenty of money in circulation. The products of labor commanded good prices. Every man who desired work was promptly employed. Every enterprise conducted in a businesslike way was successful. Our farmers were happy notwithstanding high tariff taxes. Our mechanics were contented and prosperous, and a grand future was open to all who would labor. If a farmer wanted a few hundred dollars to add to his hitherto limited comforts, to embellish his home or to continue the education of his children, it could be gotten from his neighbor at small rates of interest. He did not have to always go to the banks who charged

FROM 8 TO 15 PER CENT.

There was plenty of money in circulation. The demand of loans from banks were rare, consequently rates of discount were high. The banks only prospered by extortion. Bankers beheld the prosperity of the farmers and laboring classes of America with dread as to their own future. Plenty of money in circulation meant to bankers a contraction of their business. It meant to them tramping bankers. With an eye to self-aggrandisement with no sympathy for the balance of mankind,

THEY ORGANIZED AND BY CONCENTRATION

of efforts secured the passage of the contracting act of 1866. When this act was passed there was in circulation paper money (no gold or silver) amounting to aoout $2,000,000,000 equal to about $55 per capita. By this act this money in circulation was gradually retired, converted into interest-bearing United States bonds. In the interest of the purchasers of these bonds they were made non-taxable. A man may own one million dollars of these bonds and

NO STATE, CITY OR CORPORATION

can tax them. European capitalists in a short time began to invest in these bonds. This money was purchased by capitalists with gold. One dollar in gold could buy from $1.50 to $2.50 in currency—not that the people feared its ultimate redemption dollar for dollar, but by a preceeding act in the interest of those possessing gold, this paper money was depreciated by an exception clause which read, "a legal tender for all debts except in payment of import duties and interest on the public debt." In a comparatively short time this money circulation of $2,000,-000,000 was cut down to about $600,-000,000. Instead of $55 per capita it fell in the space of ten years from the passage of the law

TO ABOUT $10 PER CAPITA.

Then commenced an era of bankruptcy, distress, despair and poverty wholly confined to the farmers and industrial classes such as was never experienced in any civilized country before. All occasioned by the undisturbed control granted to bankers and capitalists of Europe and America of the financial laws of this country. A mere handful of men making laws which have enriched themselves and

ENSLAVED ALMOST ENTIRELY

the yeomanry and toilers of America.

Notwithstanding we have doubled the population we had in 1865, we have only one-fifth the amount of money "actually in circulation" that we had at that time. In 1893 we were shown by financial reports that the amount of deposits in banks of all kinds in the United States was $4,848,862,680, while it could not be possible (were every cent accounted for as having been distributed was in actual circulation) for there to be more than $1,600,000,000 of all kinds of money in circulation. Now let us for illustration concede that this whole amount was deposited in the banks. This would leave at least $3,-300,000,000 more money subject to check

THAN THERE IS ACTUALLY EXISTING

in America. In short the banks of America are drawing interest on $3,-300,000,000 more money than actually exists. $1,600,000,000 in money and $3,300,000,000 in "confidence." Cash and credits amount to about $3,900,000,-000. It is clear to my mind, therefore, that $4,900,000,000 is the normal amount requisite for the transactions of the business of the country. Still a per capita of only $50 would magnify prosperity wonderously.

A shrinkage of money and falling prices always have had and always must have a tendency to concentrate wealth to enrich the few and to impoverish

AND DEGRADE THE MANY.

Stringency in money is strangulation of industry and starvation of labor.

The United States commission said: "Howsoever great the natural resources of a country may be, however genial its climate, fertile its soil, enterprising and industrious its inhabitants, if the volume of money is shrinking and prices are falling its inhabitants will be

OVERWHELMED WITH BANKRUPTCY,

its industries will be paralyzed and destitution will prevail." Also it said: "A shrinkage in the volume of currency has caused more misery, famine and pestilence and more injustice than all the bad laws ever enacted." This commission was created in 1876 by Congress, to ascertain the cause of general depression. The alarm was sounded then but our rulers still continued in the work of destruction. Plenty of money will be the salvation of 95 per. cent. of the people. Abundance of money will make the people brave enough to defy bankers and foreign capitalists, and resurrect home rule.

G. W. B. H. in Virginia Sun

Twins.

Kansas Agitator.]

The attitude of the twins in Kentucky is decidedly instructive and edifying. The Republican State convention first met, and led off by a brass band and a prayer by a Jew. The Jew had a long story to tell the Lord of how there was a lot of bad fellows in Kentucky opposed to "sound money;" that the earth needed mopping and dishonest money men were good mops. It was also intimated that the Lord could have the job of mopping for part of the dividends.

After mingling of music and invocation, same as at Mt. Sinai, the convention declared for the golden calf.

Soon after, the Democrats met in State convention, and after a big fight, in which there was much wind and little sincerity, the followers of Aaron prevailed, and the golden calf, as also its high priest, was endorsed.

Both parties are now in the field in a fight for the offices, with only this difference; that one convention opened with a prayer by a Jew, and the other with no prayer at all.

We Demand The Free And Unlimited Coinage of Silver And Gold at The Present Legal Ratio of 16 to 1—People's Party Platform.

IS SENATOR HARRIS A GOLD BUG?

Col. Casy Young Says That he And Senator Harris Will Both go over to the Gold Bugs Next Year.

Special Telegram in New York World.]

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 27.—When the smoke of battle rolled away from the scene of the free for-all silver convention held in Memphis, in June, such Democratic leaders as Senators Jones, of Arkansas, Harris, of Tennessee, and Turpie, of Indiana, realized that they had been the participants in a movement that tended in its effect towards the breaking up of the Democratic party. The Populists and "free silver or bust" Democrats had captured the convention, body and boots, and had shaped its resolutions to this end, and it was all these leaders could do to prevent a straight-out declaration that the free-silver people would bolt any party not declaring itself to be in favor of their pet scheme.

The Populists on the Committee on Resolutions had forced a plank, appointing a delegation from the convention to take part in a conference at Chicago to decide on whatever policy was feasible to advance the cause of silver. This committee had absolute authority and was circumscribed by no limitation.

The three Senators saw the danger of this, and, feeling that they might be compromised if this committee should advocate leaving the party, they sent forth a call for a Democratic conference to be held at Washington on Aug. 14. The preamble of the call states that "many Democrats held a meeting and resolved," &c. "Many Democrats" were not a half-dozen Democrats. The call was placed in the hands of Casey Young, and he sent copies out.

Soon after the plan was perfected The World correspondent asked Col. Young for the names of the persons to whom he had addressed copies of the call. He was informed that the names could not be furnished. This ruling was made by the other members of the committee.

Yesterday The World correspondent called on Col. Young again, and asked him the following pointed question:

"What are you and your co-laborers going to do if the Democratic party declares against free silver?"

His answer was: "I'm going to stay in the party. It is bigger than the silver question. This conference is to prevent the formation of any new party."

[This means that certain Democratic leaders had rather hold office under a gold bug administration, than to make a fight for free silver and the people. The people will spot such men.—Ed.]

One More Time You are Right.

Wilmington Star.]

Over $2,000,000 in gold was withdrawn from the Treasury Friday for shipment. One dispatch informs us that the Treasury officials were surprised at this, while another informs us that there is nothing surprising about it, that it is all in the way of legitimate business. There is really nothing surprising about it. The gold reserve is there ostensibly for the redemption of greenbacks and other demand paper of the Government, and when an importer of gold speculator or any one else wants a pile of gold for any particular purpose, instead of going into the banks or to the gold manipulators and buying it, they get together a lot of redeemable paper, go to the sub-treasuries or Treasury, present their paper and cart away the gold. Then those same greenbacks are paid out again, again fall into the hands of the fellows with an appetite for gold and again perform the service of pulling out more gold, and so on without end until the bottom is knocked out of the gold pot and there is nothing left for the Treasury to do but bargain with some syndicate to get some more gold or acknowledge itself broke, not a very pleasant confession for this "most prosperous country in the world," which according to some of the goldites, has money "to burn." Such financiering would disgrace a board of town aldermen.

How is This for Patriotism?

The plutocratic henchmen of corporate cussedness who are driven into spasms of fear for the general welfare, and howl "paternalism" so lustily wherever any mention is made of government control or ownership of public necessities, are invited to consider the following words of the Hon. A. R. Spofford, librarian of Congress:

"The history of government printing at Washington is a history of a continuous series of unsatisfactory experiments until the establishment, in 1880, of a printing office owned and controlled by the government. A comparison of cost for the seven years 1856 to 1860, and the seven years 1871 to 1878, showed that the average cost per page under the contract system was $1.76, while at the government office it was only 75 cents per page; and this notwithstanding the fact that the average price paid for labor during the former period was but $2.73 per day, as against $3.75 per day during the later."

Love in Kansas.

Atchison Globe.]

A man in love, with few opportunities, dosn't care how many people are watching him. Under a tree at Forest Park yesterday there sat a girl with a pink dress trimmed in blue ribbons, and a young man who felt very awkward in his best clothes. Their love story was evidently new, as they didn't see a thing going on around them, and within the space of forty minutes had kissed each other thirty-seven times by actual count. Fully fifty people kept tally. They were first seen under the tree at 9 in the morning, and were still there long after milking time. They had nothing to eat or drink all day, but looked contented and happy. The balloon passed right over their heads, but they didn't see it. We wonder if they are still there, and if they know that it rained.

Our offer to send The CAUCASIAN three months for ten cents each in clubs of ten, holds good for thirty days only. Send in quick.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.

Superintendent Goodwin Desires That All Afflicted Children Shall Attend It.

Superintendent Goodwin, of the North Carolina school for the Deaf and Dumb, at Morganton, desires that every child in the State for whom this institution was established, shall have its benefits. He says there are quite a number of children in the State who should be in the school, and he requests parents to correspond with him for particulars.

A circular just issued contains the following:

The North Carolina School for the Deaf and Dumb will open its Second Annual Session, Wednesday, September 11th, 1895.

All children should be provided with a sufficient amount of comfortable clothing, with name plainly marked on each article with indelible ink, and list of same put in the trunk.

It parents prefer to send money to buy the material for the *girls* clothing, it can be well made in the school free of charge, and by purchasing in large quantities, a better quality of goods can be gotten for the same money.

Each girl should have two winter dresses, two summer dresses and a nicer dress for Sunday, four complete changes of underwear, six aprons, and six pairs of stockings, two pairs of shoes, and a pair of rubber shoes, handkerchiefs and other necessary articles to make them comfortable. They should have one or two dark underskirts.

Each boy should have two suits of clothing for every day wear and a nicer suit for dress occasions, and six shirts or waists, four full suits of underwear, six pairs of socks, two pairs of shoes, and a pair of rubber shoes, a pair of overalls to work in

If parents expect their children to write home oftener than once a month, they should furnish them with money for stationary and postage for the session.

If convenient, parents ought to deposit a small sum of money, $2 to $5, to meet any little emergency for their children.

You are requested to deposit at beginning of session $.....for the purchase of books for which an itemized account will be rendered.

Please indicate with X which of the following trades you wish your son taught:—Carpentry,—Printing,—Shoe-making,—Broom and Mattress- making,—Farming and Gardening.

We will concede to your wishes as far as possible.

HOW THH GOLD MEN CAN WIN AND HOW THEY CAN BE DEFEATED.

[By request this editorial which app ared Aug. 1st, will be kept in a few issues of the paper.]

Any man who has watched the current of events for the past few years knows that the next National conventions of the two old parties will not declare for the free coinage of silver. Each one of them may write a straddling platform and nominate a half-way silver man for Vice-President, but everybody will know what that means. The machinery of both old parties is not only dead against silver and more money, but is in league with and controlled by the gold men. Therefore every man who stays in either of these old parties will simply be helping and strengthening the gold men. Then how can any man who is not in favor of a single gold standard stay in either of these gold parties? Do you want the gold men to win? No. Therefore you will not vote the gold ticket. Will you sit down and do nothing while the enemies of prosperity commit their crime? No. Therefore you will fight the gold men with all your power. Yes, you will fight them and vote against them. You will work and vote for a platform and a candidate for President who is square on the financial question.

* * *

There is but one way that the gold men can win. That is for the patriots in the Republican party who are opposed to the gold men to stay in that party, and for the patriots in the Democratic party who are opposed to the gold men to stay in that party. Then the gold men would put up two gold bugs for President and the patriots would help elect one of them with their votes. If the People's Party should devide and each Populist should go back to his old party, the result would be the same.

* * *

There is but one way that the gold men can be beaten. That is for the patriots of the two old parties to come together. Then all the prtriots would be in one party while the gold men would be divided into two gold parties with two gold candidates.

Patriots, the path of duty and the road to victory is plain. The battle must be fought—the hour has struck—the opportunity is here—will you seize it? Think of the direction in which this country is now drifting and what the end will be! Let us show that we are worthy sons of our ancestors. The British are again on our shores and the Tories are going to their assistance.

* * *

Sons of Liberty, let us act—let us get under one banner—the banner of American freedom and American prosperity. Let us drive the enemy from our shores and plant that banner once more upon the dome of the nation's capitol.

Let every friend of good government get up a club for THE CAUCASIAN

DELICATE WOMEN

Should Use

BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR.

IT IS A SUPERB TONIC and exerts a wonderful influence in strengthening her system by driving through the proper channel all impurities. Health and strength are guaranteed to result from its use.

My wife was bedridden for eighteen months, after using BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR for two months, is getting well.—J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

KENTUCKY PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM.

PREAMBLE.

The Omaha platform is a broad protest against the monopolies and other evils, which have sprung up and been fostered under the rule of the Democratic and Republican parties. They have deserted the principles of Jefferson and Lincoln; the People's Party stands for those principles of industrial progress and human liberty. No old party betrayal of trust has resulted in so much disaster to every branch of our varied industries and in as much wrong and misery to our people as the deliberate and persistent legislation on the financial question. There is a right and a wrong principle under this great question—the two principles are as different as light and darkness. On one side of this question to-day the Democratic and Republican parties stand together, side by side, backed by the Rothschilds, the bankers, the contractionists and the gold trusts; on the other side stands the People's Party, single-handed, but backed by every patriot who has realized the real danger that confronts us, and who realizes that this is the paramount issue, on the correct solution of which depends, not only all other industrial reforms, but the civilization and christianity of a great nation.

We fully realize that not all the social, political and industrial ills that affect the people can be cured by a proper financial system, but the magnitude of the contest, on this issue, is so portentous and the enemy is so firmly entrenched behind the legislative, judicial and executive departments of our government that we invite the assistance of all those who favor "more money and less misery," whether they fully agree with us on the other issues or not. Therefore, we, the People's Party of the State of Kentucky, in convention assembled, though we believe and reaffirm the three great cardinal principles of the Omaha platform—Finance Land and Transportation—ask for the suffrage and co-operation of every voter in the State and welcome to our ranks all who believe with us in the following demands:

NATIONAL PLATFORM.

First. We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver on equal terms with gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without asking the permission of Great Britain or any other foreign nation.

Second. In order to secure and maintain a safe, sound and flexible currency, we demand that the national banking system and all banks of issue be abolished, and in addition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, that the national government proceed to issue national Treasury notes, all of which shall be a full legal tender for all debts, both public and private, and in quantity sufficient to restore the general range of prices and prosperity that existed before the demonetization of silver in 1873, and to increase in quantity year after year with the increase in population and business so as to maintain equity between debtor and creditor, to facilitate the development of our great national resources and contribute to the general prosperity of our people.

Third. We are unalterably opposed to increasing our already great burden or national debt by the unnecessary issue of interest-bearing bonds in times of peace, and we deplore and condemn the recent action of the Democratic administration at Washington, not only for selling our national credit at a price below its market value, but especially for surrendering to the Rothschilds and other bankers our financial independence for six months by a secret contract, the infamy of which is without parallel in our history.

Fourth—The National Government has the right and should exercise it to use its option as to the kind of legal tender money with which it will pay any debt or obligation, and that it should always give preference to the money that is below par in order to appreciate it and maintain a parity among all of its legal tender money.

Fifth—We demand that Congress make it unlawful for any note, bond, mortgage or other obligation to stipulate for payment in gold only, or in any other particular kind of legal tender money of the United States.

Sixth—Ours is the only political party that has ever had the honesty and patriotism to demand in its national platform a graduated income tax. The Supreme Court of the United States, in its recent decision, has declared that our constitution does not allow this just and equitable tax. In the language of Justice Harlan: "The practical, if not the direct, effect of the decision to-day is to give to certain kinds of property a position of favoritism and advantage that is inconsistent with the fundamental principles of our social organization, and to invest them with power and influence that is perilous to that portion of the people upon whom rests the larger part of the burdens of the government, and who ought not to be subjected to the dominion of aggregated wealth any more than the property of the country should be at the mercy of the lawless."

Therefore, we demand an amendment to the United States Constitution to provide for a graduated income tax.

The Silver Reaction.

Fayetteville Observer, Dem.]

By the corrupt use of the government machinery, the silver sentiment was in great part suppressed at the late Kentucky convention. The effect was temporary. Blackburn has since carried most of the primaries for free silver. In the Missouri convention Mr. Bland has swept everything. It is the same in the Texas convention, and was the same in the Mississippi primaries, the other day.

The administration has made a tremendous effort, and appears to have failed. It will not do, however, to relax effort in the slightest degree. We have the strongest of reasons for knowing that the government is employing the most shameless methods in this State. Let the people watch.

[The CAUCASIAN would remind the Observer that the government machine only bends its energies to capturing those States which are to present platforms to be voted on by the people this year. This and this only is why the "big machine" was not in evidence in Texas and Missouri. Mississippi is the only State not captured, and that was because Mississippi had not had a big grab from the pie counter.]

They Tangle Themselves up Every Time,

American, Creston, Iowa.]

The Gazette says that a million laborers have lately been put to work and that times are booming, etc., etc. If this is true, then the Republicans were mistaken on their tariff position, and it is really true that a low tariff is better for the country than a high tariff. When the common weal armies were traveling over the country last year, the Gazette said there was plenty of work for everybody who would work, and it was only those who would not work who were tramping along with Coxey and Kelley. For the purpose of deceiving the people into a belief that a gold basis is making good times, it now says that a million idle men have been put to work, then it is very evident that they were willing to work when work was offered them. The goldbug press is nothing if not inconsistent.

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Oak Ridge Alliance, No, 24, Wake Co.	15 00
Forsyth county Alliance,	10 00
Nash County Alliance	5 00
Catawba Sub-Alliance, No. 1357, Catawba county	2 20
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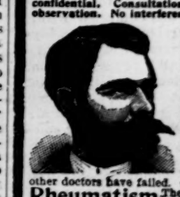

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